

Registered Number 07654792

J K Pollock Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

30 June 2014

J K Pollock Limited

Registered Number 07654792

Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2014

	Notes	2014	2013
		£	£
Fixed assets	2		
Intangible		13,300	15,200
Tangible		64,560	54,539
		<u>77,860</u>	<u>69,739</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		2,240	3,697
Debtors		9,459	9,230
Cash at bank and in hand		9,039	11,141
Total current assets		<u>20,738</u>	<u>24,068</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(31,416)	(32,207)
Net current assets (liabilities)		(10,678)	(8,139)
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>67,182</u>	<u>61,600</u>
Provisions for liabilities		(12,912)	(10,908)
Total net assets (liabilities)		<u>54,270</u>	<u>50,692</u>
Capital and reserves			

Called up share capital	4	2	2
Profit and loss account		54,268	50,690

Shareholders funds

<u>54,270</u>	<u>50,692</u>
---------------	---------------

- a. For the year ending 30 June 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 22 December 2014

And signed on their behalf by:

Mr J K Pollock, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ending 30 June 2014

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Goodwill

Positive purchased goodwill arising on acquisitions is capitalised, classified as an asset on the Balance Sheet and amortised over its useful economic life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed five years. Useful economic lives are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and revised if necessary, subject to the constraint that the revised life shall not exceed 20 years from the date of acquisition. The carrying amount at the date of revision is amortised over the revised estimate of remaining useful economic life.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows: Goodwill-10 years straight line

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued on the basis of direct costs plus attributable overheads based on normal level of activity. Provision is made for any foreseeable losses where appropriate. No element of profit is included in the valuation of work in progress.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay lessor to receive more tax. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the

assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Plant & Machinery	20% reducing balance
Office equipment	25% straight line

2 Fixed Assets

	Intangible Assets	Tangible Assets	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£	£
At 01 July 2013	19,000	71,973	90,973
Additions		39,450	39,450
Disposals		(20,250)	(20,250)
At 30 June 2014	19,000	91,173	110,173
Depreciation			
At 01 July 2013	3,800	17,434	21,234
Charge for year	1,900	16,189	18,089
On disposals		(7,010)	(7,010)
At 30 June 2014	5,700	26,613	32,313
Net Book Value			
At 30 June 2014	13,300	64,560	77,860
At 30 June 2013	15,200	54,539	69,739

3 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

4 Share capital

	2014	2013
	£	£
Authorised share capital:		

2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
---------------------------------	---	---

**Allotted, called up and fully
paid:**

2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
---------------------------------	---	---