Registered number
07538721

ARTEA LONDON LIMITED

Filleted Accounts

31 December 2016

ARTEA LONDON LIMITED

Registered number: 07538721

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2016

	Notes		2016		2015
			£		£
Current assets					
Debtors	2	200,000		200,000	
Cash at bank and in hand		380		380	
		200,380		200,380	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	3	(8,921)		(8,906)	
Net current assets			191,459		191,474
Total assets less current liabilities			191,459		191,474
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	4		(20,437)		(19,507)
Net assets			171,022		171,967
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			200,000		200,000
Profit and loss account			(28,978)		(28,033)
Shareholder's funds			171,022		171,967

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Philippe Baudry

Director

Approved by the board on 1 August 2017

ARTEA LONDON LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 December 2016

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

2 **Debtors**	2016	2015
	£	£
Other debtors	200,000	200,000

3 **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**	2016	2015
	£	£
Trade creditors	8,396	8,396
Other creditors	525	510
	8,921	8,906

4 **Creditors: amounts falling due after one year**	2016	2015
	£	£
Other creditors	20,437	19,507

5 Related party transactions

Artea		
Former shareholder		
Amount due from (to) the related party	(16,051)	(16,051)
Philippe Baudry		
Director		
Amount due from (to) the related party	(2,076)	(2,076)
Arteme		
Shareholder		
Amount due from (to) the related party	(2,310)	(1,380)

6 Other information

ARTEA LONDON LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

The Moseley Exchange

149-153 Alcester Road

Birmingham
B13 8JP

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.