STATEMENT OF CONSENT TO PREPARE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All of the members of Edward Tyler Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the period ending 31 August 2020 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 07518521

EDWARD TYLER LIMITED

FILLETED UNAUDITED ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 August 2020

EDWARD TYLER LIMITED

REPORT TO THE DIRECTOR ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF EDWARD TYLER LIMITED

PERIOD FROM 1 MARCH 2019 TO 31 AUGUST 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the abridged financial statements of Edward Tyler Limited for the Period ended 31 August 2020, which comprise the abridged statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us. As a practising member firm of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.accaglobal.com/en/member/professional-standards/rules-standards/acca-rulebook.html. Our work has been undertaken in accordance with the requirements of the Association of Chartered Certified Accountants as detailed at www.accaglobal.com/content/dam/ACCA_Global/Technical/fact/technical-factsheet-163.pdf.

LANGARD LIFFORD HALL LIMITED Accountants and Registered Auditors

Lifford Hall Lifford Lane Kings Norton Birmingham B30 3JN

20 May 2021

EDWARD TYLER LIMITED

ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 August 2020

	Note	31 Aug 20 £	£	28 Feb 19 £	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	**5**		**400**		800
Tangible assets	**6**		**7,510**		8,344
			7,910		9,144
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		**569**		675	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		**7,943**		6,580	
Net current liabilities			**7,374**		5,905
Total assets less current liabilities			**536**		3,239
Net assets			**536**		3,239
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			**100**		100
Profit and loss account			**436**		3,139
Shareholders funds			**536**		3,239

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the Period ending 31 August 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the Period in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

EDWARD TYLER LIMITED

ABRIDGED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(continued)*

31 August 2020

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 May 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

E A Tyler

Director

Company registration number: 07518521

EDWARD TYLER LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PERIOD FROM 1 MARCH 2019 TO 31 AUGUST 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Lifford Hall, Lifford Lane, Kings Norton, Birmingham, B30 3JN.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the realisable value of work undertaken during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill	-	10% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment	-	10% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the Period amounted to 1 (2019: 1).

5. Intangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 March 2019 and 31 August 2020	**4,000**
Amortisation	
At 1 March 2019	**3,200**
Charge for the Period	**400**
At 31 August 2020	**3,600**
Carrying amount	
At 31 August 2020	**400**
At 28 February 2019	800

6. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 March 2019 and 31 August 2020	**13,405**
Depreciation	
At 1 March 2019	**5,061**
Charge for the period	**834**
At 31 August 2020	**5,895**
Carrying amount	
At 31 August 2020	**7,510**
At 28 February 2019	8,344

7. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

Amounts owed from the director's at the balance sheet date are included in creditors and totalled £1,814 (2019: £27).

8. Related party transactions

At the balance sheet date the company owed £1,389 (2019 £2,444) to E T Photography Limited, a company under common control. There were no other related party transactions during the year that require disclosure.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.