Registered Number 07477113

E & B CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 December 2012

E & B CONSTRUCTION LIMITED **Registered Number 07477113**

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2012

	Notes	*2012*	*2011*
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	2,898	3,525
		2,898	3,525
Current assets			
Stocks		1,000	-
Debtors		67,597	53,408
Cash at bank and in hand		16,823	20,570
		85,420	73,978
Prepayments and accrued income		337	343
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(33,647)	(68,524)
Net current assets (liabilities)		52,110	5,797
Total assets less current liabilities		55,008	9,322
Provisions for liabilities		(136)	(161)
Total net assets (liabilities)		54,872	9,161
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	100	100
Profit and loss account		54,772	9,061
Shareholders' funds		54,872	9,161

- For the year ending 31 December 2012 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 26 September 2013

And signed on their behalf by:
Mr R E Jones, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 December 2012

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts
The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

Turnover policy
The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents the value of services provided during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

Tangible assets depreciation policy
Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 15% Reducing Balance
Motor Vehicles - 25% Reducing Balance

Valuation information and policy
Fixed Assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Other accounting policies
Operating Lease Agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an

obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial Instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2 **Tangible fixed assets**

	£
Cost	
At 1 January 2012	4,300
Additions	-
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 December 2012	4,300
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2012	775

Charge for the year	627
On disposals	-
At 31 December 2012	1,402
Net book values	
At 31 December 2012	2,898
At 31 December 2011	3,525

3 **Called Up Share Capital**

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2012	*2011*
	£	£
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100

4 **Transactions with directors**

Name of director receiving advance or credit:	Mr R E Jones and Mr D Jones
Description of the transaction:	Directors Loan Account
Balance at 1 January 2012:	£ 4,569
Advances or credits made:	£ 41,674
Advances or credits repaid:	£ 30,551
Balance at 31 December 2012:	£ 15,692

The balance of £15,692 (2011 - £4,569) shown above relates to an overdrawn loan account in respect of Mr R E Jones and Mr D Jones, who are both directors of the company. The loan consists of various small items made throughout the year and the maximum outstanding during the year was £15,692 (2011- £8,129). The loan is unsecured and repayable on demand. Interest has been charged at the official rate of interest for the year which is 4%.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.