

Company registration number 07160708 (England and Wales)

PARK DAIRIES LIMITED

Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 March 2024

PARK DAIRIES LIMITED

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PARK DAIRIES LIMITED

Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2024

	Notes	£	2024 £	£	2023 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		355,797		355,902
Current assets					
Stocks		1,420		2,403	
Debtors	5	12,386		10,877	
Cash at bank and in hand		24,029		4,282	
			37,835	17,562	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(100,601)		(95,942)	
Net current liabilities			(62,766)		(78,380)
Total assets less current liabilities			293,031		277,522
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(125,058)		(139,366)
Provisions for liabilities			(26,849)		(20,452)
Net assets			141,124		117,704
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss reserves			141,024		117,604
Total equity			141,124		117,704

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

PARK DAIRIES LIMITED

Balance Sheet

As at 31 March 2024

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 December 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mrs S A Evans

Director

Company registration number 07160708 (England and Wales)

PARK DAIRIES LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 March 2024

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Park Dairies Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Llys Y Coed, Trefeglwys Road, Llanidloes, Powys, SY18 6JA.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises Turnover when:
The amount of Turnover can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings	Not depreciated
Plant and equipment	15% on reducing balance
Fixtures and fittings	20% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles	20% on reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

PARK DAIRIES LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 March 2024

1 Accounting policies

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are measured at transaction price.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and bank loans are recognised at transaction price.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised at transaction price.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

PARK DAIRIES LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 March 2024

1 Accounting policies

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.9 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Total	2	2

PARK DAIRIES LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year Ended 31 March 2024

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 April 2023	322,987	20,419	54,889	17,995	416,290
Additions	4,881	1,382	-	-	6,263
	<u>327,868</u>	<u>21,801</u>	<u>54,889</u>	<u>17,995</u>	<u>422,553</u>
At 31 March 2024	327,868	21,801	54,889	17,995	422,553
Depreciation and impairment					
At 1 April 2023	-	12,265	47,823	300	60,388
Depreciation charged in the year	-	1,416	1,413	3,539	6,368
	<u>-</u>	<u>13,681</u>	<u>49,236</u>	<u>3,839</u>	<u>66,756</u>
At 31 March 2024	-	13,681	49,236	3,839	66,756
Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2024	<u>327,868</u>	<u>8,120</u>	<u>5,653</u>	<u>14,156</u>	<u>355,797</u>
At 31 March 2023	<u>322,987</u>	<u>8,154</u>	<u>7,066</u>	<u>17,695</u>	<u>355,902</u>

5 Debtors

	2024	2023
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	10,880	10,626
Prepayments and accrued income	1,506	251
	<u>12,386</u>	<u>10,877</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans	5,118	4,954
Obligations under finance leases	3,197	-
Trade creditors	3,877	4,032
Taxation and social security	2,740	793
Other creditors	83,134	83,908
Accruals and deferred income	2,535	2,255
	<u>100,601</u>	<u>95,942</u>

PARK DAIRIES LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 March 2024

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

		2024	2023
	Notes	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts		32,506	37,625
Obligations under finance leases		3,197	8,000
Other creditors		89,355	93,741
		125,058	139,366

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.