

Registered Number 07085607

3GI TECHNOLOGY LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 March 2011

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Registered Number 07085607

Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2011

	Notes	2011	
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible	2	175	-
Total fixed assets		175	
Current assets			
Debtors		49,443	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,616	
Total current assets		55,059	-
Net current assets		55,059	
Total assets less current liabilities		55,234	-
Creditors: amounts falling due after one year		(55,018)	
Provisions for liabilities and charges		(35)	
Total net Assets (liabilities)		181	
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	
Profit and loss account		81	-
Shareholders funds		181	-

- a. For the year ending 31 March 2011 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477(2) of the Companies Act 2006.
- b. The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006
- c. The directors acknowledge their responsibility for:
 - i. ensuring the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386; and
 - ii. preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year, and of its profit or loss for the financial year, in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act relating to accounts, so far as is applicable to the company.
- d. These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the board on 24 August 2011

And signed on their behalf by:

T Lewis, Director

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1068 of the Companies Act 2006.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

For the year ending 31 March 2011

1 Accounting policies

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standards for Small Entities (effective January 2005)

Fixed assets All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost. **Deferred taxation** Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold. **Deferred tax assets** are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. **Deferred tax** is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. **Financial instruments** **Financial liabilities and equity instruments** are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. **Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.**

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Depreciation

Depreciation has been provided at the following rates in order to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Equipment	25.00% Straight Line
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2 Tangible fixed assets

Cost	£
At	
additions	234
disposals	
revaluations	
transfers	
At 31 March 2011	<u>234</u>
Depreciation	
At	
Charge for year	59
on disposals	
At 31 March 2011	<u>59</u>
Net Book Value	
At	
At 31 March 2011	<u>175</u>