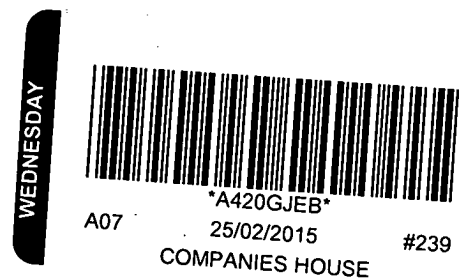


COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 06904607

TAX INSIDER LIMITED
UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
31 MAY 2014



TOPPING PARTNERSHIP

Chartered Accountants
Incom House
Waterside
Trafford Park
Manchester
M17 1WD

TAX INSIDER LIMITED

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2014

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TAX INSIDER LIMITED

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MAY 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
FIXED ASSETS	2		
Intangible assets		10,000	12,000
Tangible assets		<u>325</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>10,325</u>	<u>12,000</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors		9,662	5,673
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>44,037</u>	<u>27,019</u>
		<u>53,699</u>	<u>32,692</u>
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		<u>9,859</u>	<u>8,346</u>
NET CURRENT ASSETS		<u>43,840</u>	<u>24,346</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		<u>54,165</u>	<u>36,346</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up equity share capital	3	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		<u>53,165</u>	<u>35,346</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		<u>54,165</u>	<u>36,346</u>

For the year ended 31 May 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 20/2/15, and are signed on their behalf by:



Mr A Siddiq

Director

Company Registration Number: 06904607

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

TAX INSIDER LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - over 10 years

Fixed assets

The cost of tangible fixed assets includes expenditure incurred in bringing the assets into working condition for their intended use.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment - over 2 years

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

TAX INSIDER LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2014

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Total £
COST			
At 1 June 2013	20,000	–	20,000
Additions	–	649	649
At 31 May 2014	<u>20,000</u>	<u>649</u>	<u>20,649</u>
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 June 2013	8,000	–	8,000
Charge for year	2,000	324	2,324
At 31 May 2014	<u>10,000</u>	<u>324</u>	<u>10,324</u>
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 May 2014	<u>10,000</u>	<u>325</u>	<u>10,325</u>
At 31 May 2013	<u>12,000</u>	–	<u>12,000</u>

3. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2014		2013	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,000</u>