

Company registration number 06746310 (England and Wales)

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

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SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	Simon Murphy Julian Sutcliffe Matthew Hartland James Weaver Elaine Siew Hugh Robinson	(Appointed 19 February 2024) (Appointed 29 August 2024) (Appointed 12 September 2024)
Company number	06746310	
Registered office	9th Floor Cobalt Square 83-85 Hagley Road Birmingham B16 8QG	
Auditor	Goodman Jones LLP 29/30 Fitzroy Square London W1T 6LQ	

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

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SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024.

This directors' report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to small companies entitled to the small companies' exemption and the company has taken advantage of the exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Principal activities

The company is a public private partnership business that was established under the NHS Local Improvement Finance Trust (LIFT) directive to engage in the provision of integrated health and social accommodation within Sandwell with the objective of promoting the improvement of health and social care services. The company was established in 2009 and commenced the development of its first property, Glebefields Health Centre. This was completed in May 2011 and was fully operational by November 2011.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £165,000 (2023: £179,000).

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2023: £Nil).

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Charlotte Douglass	(Resigned 12 September 2024)
Mark Grinonneau	(Resigned 9 November 2023)
Simon Murphy	
Julian Sutcliffe	
Matthew Hartland	
James Weaver	(Appointed 19 February 2024)
James Bawn	(Appointed 7 November 2023 and resigned 19 February 2024)
Elaine Siew	(Appointed 29 August 2024)
Hugh Robinson	(Appointed 12 September 2024)

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The directors of the company have qualifying third party indemnity provisions put in place through other companies of which they are also directors.

Going concern

At the year end, the company has net assets of £351,000 (2023: net liabilities £102,000), which includes the negative fair value of interest rate, net of related deferred tax, of £1,826,000 (2023: £2,114,000), which are on long term agreements as part of the overall financial model of the business. The company has net current assets (excluding debtors due after more than one year) of £476,000 (2023: £354,000), including cash of £897,000 (2023: £796,000).

The directors have reviewed the future liquidity requirements and have considered the cash flow forecasts of the company. The company produces long term financial forecasts which show the company is able to operate and meet its financial obligations as they fall due, including compliance with all loan covenants. Based on this review and the future business prospects of the company, the directors believe the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Having regard to the above and after making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

Auditor

In accordance with the company's articles, a resolution proposing that Goodman Jones LLP be reappointed as auditor of the company will be put at a General Meeting.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

On behalf of the board

Elaine Siew

.....
Elaine Siew

Director

30-09-24

Date:

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Sandwell Fundco 2 Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2024 which comprise the statement of comprehensive income, the balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 *The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland* (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2024 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The directors are responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of our audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors' were not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to industry sector regulations and unethical and prohibited business practices, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006 and UK Tax Legislation. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls). Appropriate audit procedures in response to these risks were carried out. These procedures included:

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

TO THE MEMBERS OF SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

- Discussions with management, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;
- Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Obtaining and reading correspondence from legal and regulatory bodies including HMRC;
- Identifying and testing journal entries;
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members; and remained alert to any indications of fraud or non-compliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. The further removed instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations are from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: <https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Goodman Jones LLP

Paul Bailey
Senior Statutory Auditor
For and on behalf of Goodman Jones LLP

30-09-24
Date:

Chartered Accountants
Statutory Auditor

29/30 Fitzroy Square
London
W1T 6LQ

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes	2024 £000	2023 £000
Turnover	3	730	763
Cost of sales		(560)	(585)
Gross profit		170	178
Administrative expenses		(39)	(35)
Operating profit		131	143
Interest receivable and similar income	7	773	771
Interest payable and similar expenses	8	(663)	(680)
Profit before taxation		241	234
Tax on profit	9	(76)	(55)
Profit for the financial year		165	179
Other comprehensive income			
Cash flow hedges gain arising in the year		384	1,612
Tax relating to other comprehensive income		(96)	(403)
Total comprehensive income for the year		453	1,388

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

	Notes	2024 £000	2023 £000	2023 £000
Current assets				
Debtors falling due after more than one year	10	10,977	11,275	
Debtors falling due within one year	10	59	41	
Cash at bank and in hand	13	897	796	
		11,933	12,112	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(480)	(483)	
Net current assets			11,453	11,629
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15		(11,102)	(11,731)
Net assets/(liabilities)			351	(102)
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	17		10	10
Hedging reserve			(1,826)	(2,114)
Profit and loss reserves			2,167	2,002
Total equity			351	(102)

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30-09-24 and are signed on its behalf by:

Elaine Siew

Elaine Siew
Director

Company registration number 06746310 (England and Wales)

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

	Share capital	Hedging reserve	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Balance at 1 April 2022	10	(3,323)	1,823	(1,490)
Year ended 31 March 2023:				
Profit for the year	-	-	179	179
Other comprehensive income:				
Cash flow hedges gains	-	1,612	-	1,612
Tax relating to other comprehensive income	-	(403)	-	(403)
Total comprehensive income	-	1,209	179	1,388
Balance at 31 March 2023	10	(2,114)	2,002	(102)
Year ended 31 March 2024:				
Profit for the year	-	-	165	165
Other comprehensive income:				
Cash flow hedges gains	-	384	-	384
Tax relating to other comprehensive income	-	(96)	-	(96)
Total comprehensive income	-	288	165	453
Balance at 31 March 2024	10	(1,826)	2,167	351

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Sandwell Fundco 2 Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 9th Floor Cobalt Square, 83-85 Hagley Road, Birmingham, B16 8QG and the nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the directors' report.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been applied consistently to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the company's accounting policies.

The functional currency is pounds sterling and rounded to the nearest £'000.

In preparing the separate financial statements, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available in FRS 102:

- No cash flow statement has been presented for the company;
- The company has taken advantage of exemption, not to disclose related party transactions between members wholly owned member of the group.

1.2 Going concern

At the year end, the company has net assets of £351,000 (2023: net liabilities £102,000), which includes the negative fair value of interest rate, net of related deferred tax, of £1,826,000 (2023: £2,114,000), which are on long term agreements as part of the overall financial model of the business. The company has net current assets (excluding debtors due after more than one year) of £476,000 (2023: £354,000), including cash of £897,000 (2023: £796,000).

The directors have reviewed the future liquidity requirements and have considered the cash flow forecasts of the company. The company produces long term financial forecasts which show the company is able to operate and meet its financial obligations as they fall due, including compliance with all loan covenants. Based on this review and the future business prospects of the company, the directors believe the company will be able to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Having regard to the above and after making enquiries, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.3 Revenue

Public to private concession arrangements

A substantial portion of the company's assets are used within the framework of concession contracts granted by public sector customers ('grantors'). Under these contracts, the company constructs primary care centres that are leased to the NHS on 25 year leases.

In order to fall within the scope of FRS 102 s34. 12, a contract must satisfy the following two criteria:

- the grantor controls or regulates what services the operator must provide with the infrastructure, to whom it must provide them, and at what price; and
- the grantor controls the significant residual interest in the infrastructure at the end of the term of the arrangement.

Pursuant to FRS 102 s34. 14, such infrastructures are not recognised in assets of the operator as property, plant and equipment but in financial assets ('financial asset model').

'Financial asset model'

The financial asset model applies when the operator has an unconditional right to receive cash or another financial asset from the grantor.

In the case of concession services, the operator has such an unconditional right if the grantor contractually guarantees the payment of amounts specified or determined in the contract; or the shortfall, if any, between amounts received from users of the public service and amounts specified or determined in the contract.

Financial assets resulting from the application of FRS 102 s34. 14 are recorded in the balance sheet under the heading finance debtors and measured at amortised cost.

Pursuant to section 23 of FRS 102, revenue associated with this financial asset model comprises service remuneration which relates to facilities management, lifecycle maintenance and ad hoc property related income. Service remuneration is recognised as services are delivered.

Costs recognised in respect of service remuneration activities in advance of the work being undertaken are recognised as an asset within 'Other debtors' where the asset can be reliably measured and it is considered probable that those costs give rise to future revenue under the concession arrangements.

Other revenue items

Cost recoveries income is recognised to off set costs as those costs are incurred.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised in income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.4 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.5 Financial assets

Financial assets, other than investments and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at cost, less any impairment.

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise cash at bank and in hand, trade debtors, financial debtors, amounts due from group undertakings and related parties, other debtors and accrued income.

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial liabilities and equity

Financial liabilities and equity are classified according to the substance of the financial instrument's contractual obligations, rather than the financial instrument's legal form. Financial liabilities, excluding convertible debt and derivatives, are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs) and subsequently held at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise bank and loans, amounts due to related parties, trade creditors, other creditors and accruals.

1.7 Hedge accounting

The company has entered into variable to fixed rate interest swaps to manage its exposure to interest rate cash flow risk on its variable rate debt. The company has also entered into an RPI swap to hedge the potential variability in future revenue cash flows arising from movements in RPI. These derivatives are measured at fair value at each reporting date. To the extent the hedge is effective; movements in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and presented in a separate cash flow hedge reserve. Any ineffective portions of those movements are recognised in profit or loss for the period.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current tax

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have been originated but not reversed by the reporting date, except:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

1.9 Reserves

The company's reserves are as follows:

- Called up share capital reserve represents the nominal value of the shares issued.
- Cash flow hedge reserve represents the cumulative portion of gains and losses on hedging instruments deemed effective, net of relevant tax charges.
- Profit and loss account represents cumulative profits or losses, net of dividends paid and other adjustments.

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The estimates and judgements that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the financial year are as follows:

Critical judgements

Concession arrangements

The concession arrangements undertaken by the company are considered to fall within the scope of section 34 of FRS 102 "Service Concession Arrangements", as described in the revenue note. This judgement has been based on a consideration of the nature and terms of the agreements and, in all contracts, the existence of an option for the grantor to purchase the properties at the end of the contract.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Financial assets (note 11)

The calculation of the amortised cost of finance receivables requires an estimate of the residual value of the property at the end of the lease term. This estimate is based on the residual value allocated to the property in the financial models, which form the basis for the calculation of rent charged to the lessee and which were assessed at financial close.

The directors' have applied their judgement in determining the valuation policy and estimate, and are of the opinion that the values and assumptions currently used in the financial model continue to be appropriate. They continue to take a regular review of these assumptions, and will review and update this assessment as the position becomes less uncertain in future periods.

Financial assets interest rate (notes 7 and 11)

The financial assets interest income is based on the weighted average cost of debt of the project and is applied to the carrying value of the financial assets on a quarterly basis. The interest rate used in 2024 is 7.36% (2023: 7.36%) per annum.

RPI index (note 11)

The finance debtors predict a level of RPI increases for future receipts and expenditure. This represents a degree of judgement and uncertainty given the nature of RPI. Where RPI differs from the estimated rate of 4.0%, this will impact future receipts/expenditure and thus increase/reduce the service margin (see below), which affects the amount of revenue recognised in any given period.

Service margin (notes 3 and 11)

After the property is constructed, the company provides property management services. The remuneration for these services is recognised at cost plus an estimated mark up for profit on property management services. The service margin rate used in 2024 is 17.03% (2023: 18.46%) per annum. It is the policy of the directors that the service margin is reviewed annually on 1 April each year to generate a new service margin rate, which is to be applied in the proceeding financial year.

Derivative valuation (note 18)

Derivatives are professionally valued annually. The estimated value of derivative transactions is the valuation at the reporting date and this valuation can change significantly even over a very short space of time. The valuation of derivative transactions is complex and such transactions can be calculated in a number of different ways and using a variety of methods. There are a number of factors that can affect the value of a transaction and which may not be taken into account in the valuation estimate provided. This may result in the transaction having an actual value which is higher or lower than the estimate included in these financial statements.

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

3 Turnover and other revenue

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Turnover analysed by class of business		
Service remuneration	555	591
Rental income	43	40
Cost recoveries	123	123
Other income	9	9
	<u>730</u>	<u>763</u>
	2024 £000	2023 £000
Other revenue		
Interest income	<u>773</u>	<u>771</u>

4 Auditor's remuneration

Auditor's remuneration is borne by the parent company, Sandwell Estates Partnership Limited.

5 Employees

The company had no employees during the year or the prior year.

6 Directors' remuneration

The directors did not receive any remuneration from the company for their services to the company during the year or the previous year. The directors are remunerated by the shareholding companies for their services to the group as a whole. It is not practicable to apportion their remuneration for their services to this company.

7 Interest receivable and similar income

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Interest income		
Bank interest receivable	3	1
Financial asset interest receivable	<u>770</u>	<u>770</u>
Total income	<u>773</u>	<u>771</u>

8 Interest payable and similar expenses

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Interest on financial liabilities measured at amortised cost:		
Bank loan interest payable	512	525
Loan note interest payable to group undertakings	148	151
Amortisation of loan issue costs	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>
	<u>663</u>	<u>680</u>

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

9 Taxation

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	76	55

The actual charge for the year can be reconciled to the expected charge for the year based on the profit or loss and the standard rate of tax as follows:

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Profit before taxation	241	234
Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 25.00% (2023: 19.00%)	60	44
Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	16	-
Tax effect of income not taxable in determining taxable profit	-	(2)
Effect of change in corporation tax rate	-	13
Taxation charge for the year	76	55

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Deferred tax charge recognised in other comprehensive income:		
Relating to cash flow hedges	96	403

10 Debtors

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	13	13
Amounts owed by related undertakings	12	11
Financial asset (note 11)	21	4
Prepayments and accrued income	13	13
	59	41

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

10 Debtors

(Continued)

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Financial asset (note 11)	10,602	10,728
Deferred tax asset (note 12)	375	547
	<u>10,977</u>	<u>11,275</u>
Total debtors	<u>11,036</u>	<u>11,316</u>

11 Financial assets

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Balance at 1 April	10,732	10,707
Income recognised in the income statement		
- service remuneration (note 3)	555	591
- interest income (note 7)	770	770
	<u>1,325</u>	<u>1,361</u>
Other movements		
-cash payments on RPI swap	87	-
-cash received	(1,521)	(1,336)
Balance at 31 March	<u>10,623</u>	<u>10,732</u>
Analysis of expected net receipts timing:		
Within one year	21	4
After more than one year	10,602	10,728
Balance at 31 March	<u>10,623</u>	<u>10,732</u>

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

12 Deferred taxation

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities and assets recognised by the company and movements thereon:

	Assets 2024 £000	Assets 2023 £000
Balances:		
Fixed asset timing differences	(849)	(842)
Losses and other deductions	615	684
Cash flow hedge reserve	609	705
	<u>375</u>	<u>547</u>
Movements in the year:		2024 £000
Asset at 1 April 2023		(547)
Charge to profit or loss		76
Charge to other comprehensive income		96
Asset at 31 March 2024		<u>(375)</u>

13 Cash at bank in hand

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	<u>897</u>	<u>796</u>

Included in cash at bank and in hand are bank balances totalling £745,000 (2023: £658,000) which are restricted for use in pre described circumstances by the bank.

14 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Notes	2024 £000	2023 £000
Bank loans	16	236	218
Trade creditors		31	60
Amounts owed to group undertakings		4	-
Amounts owed to related undertakings		74	74
Taxation and social security		58	42
Accruals and deferred income		77	89
		<u>480</u>	<u>483</u>

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

15 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Notes	2024 £000	2023 £000
Bank loans	16	7,392	7,628
Loan notes owed to related undertakings	16	1,134	1,134
Accruals and deferred income		141	150
Derivative financial instruments		2,435	2,819
		<u>11,102</u>	<u>11,731</u>

16 Loans and overdrafts

	2024 £000	2023 £000
The bank loans are repayable as follows:		
Within one year	236	218
Between one and two years	332	236
Between two and five years	764	877
After more than five years	6,296	6,515
	<u>7,628</u>	<u>7,846</u>

Bank borrowings relate to a Senior Debt Facility. £2,200,000 of the facility is repayable at the end of the term (2041). The amounts drawn under the Facility are repayable on an agreed repayment profile of six monthly instalments that commenced on 31 December 2010 and are due to end in May 2041.

Interest charges on amounts drawn down under both the current and previous facility are based on a margin of 2.05% for both amortising and bullet loans. The company has entered into a number of interest rate swap agreements whereby it pays fixed rates of 4.45% per annum in respect of amounts drawn under the facilities. The swaps expire on 31 March 2040 and 22 May 2041.

The Senior Facility is secured by a first floating charge over the assets of the company.

Issue costs of £54,000 (2023: £57,000) are offset against the bank loans and will be amortised over the duration of the facilities.

	2024 £000	2023 £000
The subordinated loan notes are repayable as follows:		
After more than five years	<u>1,134</u>	<u>1,134</u>

The loan notes carry a coupon of 13% and are repayable in the quarter ending September 2041.

17 Share capital

	2024 Number	2023 Number	2024 £000	2023 £000
Ordinary share capital				
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

18 Financial instruments

	2024 £000	2023 £000
Financial assets		
Financial assets measured at amortised cost	11,545	11,564
Financial liabilities		
Derivative financial instruments designated as hedges of variable interest rate and RPI risk	2,435	2,819
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	8,956	9,216

Derivative financial instruments designated as hedges of variable interest rate risk comprise interest rate swaps and RPI swaps.

The fair values of the interest rate and RPI swaps have been determined by reference to prices available from the markets on which the instruments involved are traded.

In 2009, the company borrowed funds from its bankers under two term loans of £7,068,000 and £2,200,000, which are repayable in 2039 and 2041 respectively.

To hedge the potential volatility in future interest cash flows arising from movements in SONIA, the company has entered into floating to fixed interest rate swaps with a nominal value equal to that initial borrowings, the same term as the loans and interest re-pricing dates identical to those of the variable rate loans. These result in the company paying 4.45% per annum and receiving SONIA (though cash flows are settled on a net basis). The company pays SONIA, plus margin of 2.05% on the Amortising and Bullet loans, effectively fixing the total interest cost on loans and interest rates swaps at 6.5% per annum.

The derivatives are accounted for as a hedge of variable rate interest rate risks, in accordance with FRS 102 and had negative fair value of £329,000 (2023: £552,000) at the reporting date. The cash flows arising from the interest rate swaps will continue until their maturity in 2041, coincidental with the repayment of the term loans. The change in fair value in the period was an increase of £223,000 (2023: Increase of £1,731,000) with the entire charge being recognised in other comprehensive income as swaps were 100% effective hedges.

Between 2009, the company entered into one LPA agreement having fixed contractual terms which caused their turnover to increase with RPI on a yearly basis. To hedge the potential volatility in future revenue cash flows arising from movements in RPI, the company has entered into an RPI swap with a nominal value below that of the LPA contract but having the same term as the contracts and RPI re-pricing dates identical to those of the LPA contract. These result in the company paying 3.24% and per annum and receiving actual RPI and effectively fixing the inflation on a determined portion of the LPA contract.

The derivatives are accounted for as a hedge of variable rate RPI rate risks, in accordance with FRS 102 and had a negative fair value of £2,106,000 (2023: £2,267,000) as at the reporting date. The cash flows arising from the RPI swaps will continue until their maturity in 2041, coincidental with the LPA contractual terms. The change in fair value in the period was an increase of £161,000 (2023: decrease of £118,000) with the entire charge being recognised in other comprehensive income as the swap was an 100% effective hedge.

19 Other commitments

On completion of the buildings, under terms of contracts made, the company is committed to fixed payments, which increase by indexation, for Facilities Management for a 25-year period. The current year payment for these services amounted to £196,000 (2023: £170,000).

Under the terms of management agreements with its parent company, the company is committed to the payment of fixed and variable fees based on services provided in the contract term. The current year payment for these services amounted to £162,000 (2023: £143,000).

SANDWELL FUNDCO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

20 Ultimate controlling party

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Sandwell Midco 2 Limited, which is in turn a wholly owned subsidiary of Sandwell Estates Partnership Limited. Both companies are registered in England and Wales.

As at 31 March 2024, Sandwell Estates Partnership Limited was owned by Primary Plus Holdings Limited (60%) and Community Health Partnerships Limited (40%), which are both registered in England and Wales.

The directors are of the opinion that there is no ultimate parent undertaking or controlling party by virtue of the company's joint ownership and control.

21 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided in FRS 102 not to disclose transactions with companies within the group of which it is a member, where the transactions occur between entities which are wholly owned members of that group.

Key management personnel include all directors who together have authority and planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company. See note 6 for details of directors' remuneration.

The directors consider the material transactions undertaken by the company during the year with related parties were as follows:

Name of related party	Income		Payments	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Community Health Partnerships Limited	1,652	1,452	59	60
Primary Plus Holdings Limited	-	-	89	91
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Balances with related parties				
	Amounts owed by related parties		Amounts owed to related parties	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Community Health Partnerships Limited	12	11	483	483
Primary Plus Holdings Limited	-	-	725	725
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>