

**DIRECT ELECTRICAL LTD
ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 10 JULY 2016**

Linda Carr Accountants Limited

ACCA

Unit 21
Orton Enterprise Centre
Bakewell Road
Peterborough
PE2 6XU

Direct Electrical Ltd
Company No. 06644413
Abbreviated Balance Sheet 10 July 2016

		2016		2015	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	2		22,729		30,306
			22,729		30,306
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		330		330	
Debtors		6,121		6,858	
Cash at bank and in hand		31,395		20,254	
		37,846		27,442	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year					
	3	(13,955)		(12,175)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)					
			23,891		15,267
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES					
			46,620		45,573
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year					
	4		(14,015)		(15,585)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation			(1,210)		(733)
NET ASSETS					
			31,395		29,255
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	5		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			31,295		29,155
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS					
			31,395		29,255

Direct Electrical Ltd
Company No. 06644413
Abbreviated Balance Sheet (continued) 10 July 2016

For the year ending 10 July 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective 2015).

On behalf of the board

Mr Barry Didcott

24/10/2016

Direct Electrical Ltd
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts
For The Year Ended 10 July 2016

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

1.2. Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied by the company, net of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	25% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	25% reducing balance

1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.6. Deferred Taxation

The charge for taxation takes into account taxation deferred as a result of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. In general, deferred taxation is recognised in respect of timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. However, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in periods in which the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and the law enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Direct Electrical Ltd
Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts (continued)
For The Year Ended 10 July 2016

2. Tangible Assets

	Total
Cost	£
As at 11 July 2015	44,464
As at 10 July 2016	44,464
Depreciation	
As at 11 July 2015	14,158
Provided during the period	7,577
As at 10 July 2016	21,735
Net Book Value	
As at 10 July 2016	22,729
As at 11 July 2015	30,306

3. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2016	2015
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	2,274	2,220
Trade creditors	495	1,599
Corporation tax	1,925	2,614
Other taxes and social security	4,531	2,454
Other creditors	4,730	3,288
	13,955	12,175

4. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2016	2015
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	14,015	15,585

5. Share Capital

	Value	Number	2016	2015
Allotted, called up and fully paid	£		£	£
Ordinary shares	1	100	100	100

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