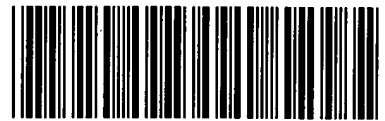


Registered number 06338921

Lakeside 1 Limited
Annual Report and Financial Statements
for the year ended 31 March 2016

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Lakeside 1 Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements 2016

Contents

Directors and advisers	1
Strategic report	2
Directors' report	3
Independent Auditors' Report	5
Income statement	7
Balance sheet	8
Statement of changes in equity	9
Statement of accounting policies	10
Notes to the financial statements	13

Lakeside 1 Limited

Directors and advisers

Directors

J Thomson
D Sheridan
E Hawkes
M Budd
S Robertson

Registered office

The Waterfront
Lakeside Boulevard
Doncaster
South Yorkshire
DN4 5PL

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
St Paul's Place
121 Norfolk Street
Sheffield
S1 2LE

Bankers

Lloyds Bank plc
City office
PO Box 72
Bailey Drive
Gillingham Business Park
Kent
ME8 0LS

Lakeside 1 Limited

Strategic report

Principal activities

The Company's principal activity during the year was that of a holding company.

Review of business and future developments

There have been no significant developments during the year following the acquisition of the Company by Keystone JVco Limited in the previous financial year.

The directors expect the principal activity of the Company to remain unchanged for the foreseeable future.

The Company does not use key performance indicators (KPIs) to measure the Company's performance as its only activity is that of an investment holding company and the directors do not believe they are necessary to understand the performance of the business.

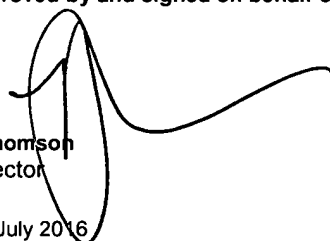
Principal risks and uncertainties

The directors believe that the nature of the Company, as an intermediate holding company, and the composition of its balance sheet mean it is not open to external risks and uncertainties other than those of a financial nature. The risk and uncertainties associated with the wider group owned by Keystone JVco Limited (the "Keepmoat Group" or "Group") are disclosed in their annual report, which does not form part of this report.

Financial risk management

The directors of Keystone JVco Limited, the ultimate owner, manage the Group's financial risks at a Group level. The financial risk management associated with the wider Keepmoat Group are disclosed in their annual report, which does not form part of this report. For this reason, the Company's directors believe that discussion of the Group's financial risks for the Company is not necessary or appropriate for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the Company's business. The financial risk management of the Group, which include those of the Company, and the development, performance and position of the Company are discussed in the annual report of the ultimate owner, Keystone JVco Limited, which does not form part of this report.

Approved by and signed on behalf of the Board



J Thomson
Director

15 July 2016

Lakeside 1 Limited

Directors' report

The directors present their report, the Strategic report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 March 2016.

Future developments and financial risk management

The Strategic report sets out the future developments and financial risk management of the Company.

Results and dividends

The Income statement for the year is set out on page 7. No dividends were declared or proposed for the year ended 31 March 2016 (2015: £nil).

Business review and future developments

A review of the results, performance and future developments for the Company is presented in the Strategic report.

Going concern

At 31 March 2016 the Company had net current liabilities of £7,0566,000 (2015: £5,728,000). The directors have considered the adequacy of the Company's financial resources through a review of the financial projections for the business, taking into account the facilities available to the wider Keystone JVco Group which were put in place following the acquisition and associated refinancing on 28 November 2014. The directors have also considered the covenants attaching to the facilities and the likely level of headroom available to the Group. The directors have also considered the letter of support addressed to the Company from Keystone Midco Limited. After careful consideration the directors are satisfied that the Group and the Company have adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future, being at least twelve months from the date of signing the financial statements. For this reason the directors continue to apply the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are given below:

J Thomson
D Sheridan
E Hawkes
M Budd
S Robertson

Directors' indemnities

The Group maintains liability insurance for the directors and officers of member companies which remains in place up to the date of this Annual Report. The Company has also provided an indemnity for the directors, which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision for the purposes of the Companies Act 2006.

Employees

The Company did not have any employees during the year (2015: none)

Lakeside 1 Limited

Directors' report

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report and Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 101 *Reduced Disclosure Framework* (FRS 101).

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 101 have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- notify its shareholders in writing about the use of disclosure exemptions, if any, of FRS 101 used in the preparation of financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and the group and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and the group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to the auditors

All directors, at the date this report is approved, confirm that, as far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and that they have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP have indicated their willingness to continue in office and have been deemed to be reappointed for the next financial year.

On behalf of the Board

J Thomson
Director

15 July 2018

Lakeside 1 Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Lakeside 1 Limited

Report on the financial statements

Our opinion

In our opinion, Lakeside 1 Limited's financial statements (the "financial statements"):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2016 and of its loss for the year then ended;
 - have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
 - have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.
-

What we have audited

The financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), comprise:

- the balance sheet as at 31 March 2016;
- the income statement for the year then ended;
- the statement of changes in equity for the year then ended;
- the accounting policies; and
- the notes to the financial statements, which include other explanatory information.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in the preparation of the financial statements is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 101 "Reduced Disclosure Framework", and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In applying the financial reporting framework, the directors have made a number of subjective judgements, for example in respect of significant accounting estimates. In making such estimates, they have made assumptions and considered future events.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Other matters on which we are required to report by exception

Adequacy of accounting records and information and explanations received

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion:

- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Directors' remuneration

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report to you if, in our opinion, certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made. We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

Lakeside 1 Limited

Independent auditors' report to the members of Lakeside 1 Limited

Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Our responsibilities and those of the directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Directors' Responsibilities, as set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) ("ISAs (UK & Ireland)"). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the parent company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

What an audit of financial statements involves

We conducted our audit in accordance with ISAs (UK & Ireland). An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of:

- whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed;
- the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and
- the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We primarily focus our work in these areas by assessing the directors' judgements against available evidence, forming our own judgements, and evaluating the disclosures in the financial statements.

We test and examine information, using sampling and other auditing techniques, to the extent we consider necessary to provide a reasonable basis for us to draw conclusions. We obtain audit evidence through testing the effectiveness of controls, substantive procedures or a combination of both.

In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.



Andy Ward (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors
Sheffield
15 July 2016

Lakeside 1 Limited

Income statement for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Administrative expenses		(2,007)	(6,413)
Operating loss before exceptional items		(2,007)	(688)
Exceptional items	3	-	(5,725)
Operating loss	2	(2,007)	(6,413)
Finance income	4	111	-
Loss before tax		(1,896)	(6,413)
Income tax	5	564	597
Loss for the financial year		(1,332)	(5,816)
Other comprehensive expense		-	-
Total comprehensive expense		(1,332)	(5,816)

All items dealt with in arriving at operating loss relate to continuing activities.

Lakeside 1 Limited

Balance sheet as at 31 March 2016

	Note	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Fixed assets			
Investments in subsidiaries	6	32,939	32,939
		32,939	32,939
Current assets			
Trade and other receivables: amounts falling due within one year	7	2,939	672
Cash and cash equivalents		-	7
		2,939	679
Trade and other payables: amounts falling due within one year	8	(9,999)	(6,407)
Net current liabilities		(7,060)	(5,728)
Total assets less current liabilities		25,879	27,211
Net assets		25,879	27,211
Equity			
Share capital	9	594	594
Capital reserve		32,843	32,843
Retained earnings		(7,558)	(6,226)
Total shareholders' funds		25,879	27,211

The financial statements on pages 7 to 17 of Lakeside 1 Limited, registered number 06338921, were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of directors on 15 July 2016 and were signed on its behalf by:

J Thomson
Director

Lakeside 1 Limited

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 March 2016

	Share capital £'000	Capital reserve £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity £'000
At 1 April 2014	594	-	(410)	184
Capital contribution	-	32,843	-	32,843
Total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	(5,816)	(5,816)
At 1 April 2015	594	32,843	(6,226)	27,211
Total comprehensive expense for the year	-	-	(1,332)	(1,332)
At 31 March 2016	594	32,843	(7,558)	25,879

The capital contribution reserve relates to a contribution of £32,843,000 received from Keystone Bidco Limited on 28 November 2014, the Company's immediate parent undertaking, in connection with the acquisition and refinancing of the wider Lakeside 1 Limited Group.

Lakeside 1 Limited

Statement of accounting policies for the year ended 31 March 2016

General information

Lakeside 1 Limited is a private limited company incorporated and domiciled in the UK. The address of the registered office is Lakeside 1 Limited, The Waterfront, Lakeside Boulevard, Doncaster, South Yorkshire, DN4 5PL.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 101, 'Reduced Disclosure Framework' (FRS 101), under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006. These are the Company's first financial statements presented in accordance with FRS 101 and consequently transition statements showing the impact of the change in accounting basis are presented in note 12. The Company transitioned to FRS 101 on 1 April 2014.

FRS 101 requires that the income statement and balance sheet are presented in the format requirements of the Companies Act 2006, rather than the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 1 - Presentation of Financial Statements.

A summary of the disclosure exemptions adopted for the financial year ended 31 March 2016 is presented below. Equivalent disclosures for financial instruments are included in the Keystone JVco Limited Group consolidated financial statements allowing the exemptions to be applied.

Area	Disclosure exemption
Cash flow statements	Complete exemption from preparing a cash flow statement (IAS 7).
Financial instrument disclosures	Exemption from the disclosure requirements of IFRS 7 (Financial Instruments) and related IFRS 13 disclosures. Disclosures in respect of management's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital (IAS1).
Related party disclosures	Exemption for related party transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary which is party to a transaction is wholly owned by such a member (IAS 24). Exemption from disclosure of key management personnel compensation.
Comparative information	Exemption from disclosure of comparative information for movements on share capital (IAS 1), tangible assets (IAS 16), intangible assets (IAS 38) and investment property (IAS 40).
Opening balance sheet	Exemption as a qualifying entity from disclosing an opening balance sheet (IAS 1)
Presentation of Financial Statements	Exemption from statement of compliance with (IAS 1), cash flow information and capital management policy.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements have been consistently applied to all the periods presented, unless otherwise stated.

Consolidation

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Keepmoat Bidco Limited and of its ultimate parent Keystone JVco Limited. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of Keepmoat JVco Limited which are publically available. Therefore the company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements.

Going concern

At 31 March 2016 the Company had net current liabilities of £7,0566,000 (2015: £5,728,000). The directors have considered the adequacy of the Company's financial resources through a review of the financial projections for the business, taking into account the facilities available to the wider Keystone JVco Group which were put in place following the acquisition and associated refinancing on 28 November 2014. The directors have also considered the covenants attaching to the facilities and the likely level of headroom available to the Group. The directors have also considered the letter of support addressed to the Company from Keystone Midco Limited. After careful consideration the directors are satisfied that the Group and the Company have adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future, being at least twelve months from the date of signing the financial statements. For this reason the directors continue to apply the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

Lakeside 1 Limited

Statement of accounting policies for the year ended 31 March 2016

Exceptional items

Exceptional items are disclosed separately in the financial statements where it is necessary to do so to provide further understanding of the financial performance of the Company. They are material items of income or expense that have been shown separately due to the significance of their nature or amount.

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates are recorded in the Company's balance sheet at cost less any impairment. The directors review the investments for impairment when there are indicators of possible impairment.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method with an appropriate allowance for estimated irrecoverable amounts recognised in the income statement when there is objective evidence that the asset is impaired.

The carrying amount of trade receivables are reduced through the use of a provision for impairment losses. When a trade receivable is wholly or partially uncollectable, any uncollectable amount is written off against the provision. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the provision. Changes in the carrying amount of the provision are recognised in the income statement.

Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the asset have been reduced. For loans and receivables, the amount of the impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

The carrying amount of financial assets is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets except trade receivables.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss previously recognised decreases and the decrease can be objectively related to an event that occurred after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through the income statement.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are also included, as they are an integral part of the company's cash management. In the balance sheet, bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Trade payables

Trade payables on normal terms are not interest bearing and are stated at their nominal value. Trade payables on extended terms, are recorded at their fair value on the date of acquisition of the asset to which they relate and subsequently held at amortised cost. The discount to the nominal value is amortised over the period of the credit term and charged to finance costs using the effective interest rate.

Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Income tax

The income tax expense represents the current and deferred tax charges.

Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity.

Current tax is the company's expected tax liability on taxable profits for the year using tax rates substantively enacted at the reporting date and any adjustment to tax in respect of the previous years. Where current tax losses are available but not utilised in the period, a deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is considered recoverable.

Lakeside 1 Limited

Statement of accounting policies for the year ended 31 March 2016

Income tax (continued)

Taxable profit differs from that reported in the income statement because it is adjusted for items of income or expense that are assessable or deductible in other years, or are never assessable or deductible.

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax rates used in the computation of taxable profit and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised in full if future taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction which affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Equity instruments

Equity instruments such as ordinary share capital, issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received net of directly attributable incremental issue costs.

Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equate to related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS101 recognises the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements, are set out below:

- **Recovery of other receivables and accrued income**

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including credit rating of the debtor, the ageing profile of the debtor and historical experience.

- **Carrying value of investments and inter company balances**

The Company tests whether its investments have suffered any impairment in accordance with the accounting policy set out above. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on value in use calculations, which require the use of estimates.

Lakeside 1 Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

1 Directors' emoluments and staff numbers

The Company did not have any employees during the year (2015: Nil)

The emoluments of the directors are paid by Keepmoat Limited, a fellow subsidiary of the Keystone JVco Limited Group, without recharge to the Company and, as it is not practical to apportion these between subsidiaries, their emolument disclosures are included in the financial statements of Keepmoat Limited.

Emoluments paid to former directors totalled £Nil (2015: £235,000)

2 Operating loss

Auditors' remuneration

The following costs have been borne by Keepmoat Limited and are recharged to the Company as part of a wider annual management charge.

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Auditors' remuneration - fees payable to the Company's auditor for the audit of the company's financial statements	5	5

3 Exceptional items

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Acquisition related fees	-	5,725

Acquisition related fees

These fees include adviser fees incurred as a result of the acquisition of the Company.

All exceptional items are included within administrative expenses.

4 Finance income

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Refund of bank interest	111	-

5 Income tax

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on loss for the year at 20% (2015: 21%)	(570)	(420)
Adjustments to tax in respect of prior years	6	(177)
Total tax charge	(564)	(597)

Lakeside 1 Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

5 Income tax (continued)

The table below reconciles the income tax expense for the year to tax at the UK statutory rate:

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(1,896)	(6,413)
Income tax credit for the year at 20% (2015: 21%)	(379)	(1,347)
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	-	1,021
Income not taxable for tax purposes	-	(94)
Debt cap adjustments*	(63)	-
Adjustments to tax in respect of prior years	6	(177)
Transfer pricing	(128)	-
Income tax credit for the year	(564)	(597)

*Debt cap adjustments' represents adjustments made by the Company as required under Part 7 Taxation (International and Other Provisions) Act 2010.

Factors affecting current and future tax charges

Changes to the UK Corporation tax rates were substantively enacted as part of the Finance Bill 2015 - 2016 on 25 November 2015. These include reductions to the main rate to of corporation tax to 19% from 1 April 2017 and to 18% from 1 April 2019.

Deferred tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method, using a tax rate of 19% (2015: 20%).

It was also announced in the 2016 Budget statement that the rate of corporation tax would be reduced to 17% for the financial year commencing 1 April 2020. This has not been substantially enacted so is not included in the financial statements.

There are no unrecognised deferred tax assets.

6 Investments

	£'000
Cost	
At 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2016	32,939
Impairment	
At 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2016	-
Net Book Value	
At 1 April 2015 and 31 March 2016	32,939

All subsidiaries are incorporated in England and Wales. The directors believe that the carrying value of the investments is supported by their underlying net assets.

The following information relates to the subsidiary undertakings which are wholly owned and registered in England and Wales.

Lakeside 1 Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

6 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

The principal indirectly owned subsidiaries are:

Name of Company	Principal activities	Shareholding
K&A Merger Limited	Intermediate holding company	100%
Castle 1 Limited	Intermediate holding company	100%
Keepmoat Limited	Intermediate holding company	100%
Keepmoat Regeneration Limited	Housing regeneration	100%
Keepmoat Regeneration Holdings Limited	Intermediate holding company	100%
Keepmoat Regeneration (FHM) Limited	Housing regeneration	100%
Keepmoat Regeneration (Bramall) Limited	Housing regeneration	100%
Keepmoat Homes Limited	Private house building development	100%
Keepmoat Property Limited	Property development and the holding of property on behalf of other Group companies	100%
Keepmoat Property Services Limited	Maintenance, improvement, refurbishment and management of homes	100%
Keepmoat Regeneration (Apollo) Limited	Housing regeneration	100%
Keepmoat in Partnership Limited	Social housing regeneration projects within the public sector	100%
FWA West Limited	Specialist building maintenance and refurbishment contractors	100%
Keepmoat Leeds (PFI) Limited	Responsible for the Group's 10% minority interest in Sustainable Communities for Leeds (Holdings) Limited	100%
Keepmoat Site Services Limited	Provision of corporate services	100%
Force Solutions Limited	Dormant	100%
Conquest Bidco Limited	Intermediate holding company	100%
Apollo Support Services Group Limited	Intermediate holding company	100%
Apollo Holdco Limited	Intermediate holding company	100%
Toucan Holdings Limited	Property management	100%
Goldhall Electrical Limited	Housing regeneration	100%
KGP (SHC) Limited	Intermediate holding company	90%
Warner Home Finance Limited	Dormant	100%
Apollo Maintain Limited	Dormant	100%
Apollo Education Limited	Dormant	100%
Apollo Housing Limited	Dormant	100%
Apollo Response Limited	Dormant	100%
Evolve Built for Life Limited	Dormant	50%

All subsidiaries are incorporated in England and Wales and have the same registered office as the company unless otherwise stated.

Lakeside 1 Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

7 Trade and other receivables

Amounts falling due within one year:	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	2,939	632
Other receivables	-	40
	2,939	672

Amounts owed by Group undertakings falling due within one year are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

8 Trade and other payables: amounts falling due within one year

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Amounts owed to Group undertakings	9,996	6,407
Bank overdraft	3	-
	9,999	6,407

Amounts owed to Group undertakings falling due within one year are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

9 Share capital

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Allotted and fully paid		
910,000 Ordinary shares of £0.005 each	5	5
117,646,815 Deferred fixed Dividend shares of £0.005 each	588	588
20,000,000 B Preference shares of £0.00001 each	1	1
	594	594

10 Contingent liabilities

The Company has given guarantees in respect of the bank borrowings of other Keystone JVco Limited Group companies in addition to performance and other guarantees. At 31 March 2016 borrowings covered by the guarantees amounted to £nil (2015: £Nil), whilst performance and other guarantees amounted to £10,700,000 (2015: £19,888,000). The guarantees are in the form of a fixed charge over certain freehold land and buildings and floating charges over the assets of certain Group companies.

The Company is party to the Keystone Midco Limited Group ("Midco Group") senior facility agreement whereby the Midco Group has a revolving credit facility with a maximum facility of £75,000,000 and an overdraft facility of up to £20,000,000. At 31 March 2016 the Midco Group was in a net cash position.

Lakeside 1 Limited

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016

11 Ultimate controlling party

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is Keystone Bidco Limited, a company registered in England and Wales.

The directors regard Keystone JVco Limited, a company registered in England and Wales, as the Company's ultimate UK based parent company.

Keystone JVco Limited is the parent of the largest and Keystone Midco Limited is the parent of the smallest group in which these results are consolidated.

The Company's ultimate parent company is Cotton Holding S.à.r.l., a company incorporated in Luxembourg, whilst the Company's ultimate controlling party is TDR Capital LLP through investment funds that they manage.

The consolidated financial statements of Keystone JVco Limited and Keepmoat Limited may be obtained from Keepmoat Limited, The Waterfront, Lakeside Boulevard, Doncaster, DN4 5PL.

12 Adoption of FRS 101

This is the first year that the company has presented its results under FRS 101. The preceding financial statements were presented under previous UK GAAP ('old UK GAAP') for the year ended 31 March 2015. The date of transition to FRS 101 was 1 April 2014. The accounting policies set in the Statement of accounting policies, starting on page 10, have been applied in preparing these financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2015, including the comparative information.

In preparing the FRS 101 balance sheet, the Company has not adjusted amounts reported in the financial statements prepared in accordance with its old basis of accounting ('old' UK GAAP) as no material differences were identified. Consequently the opening balance sheet has not been restated and reconciliations of total comprehensive income and total equity are not required, as no adjustments have been made to the company's results as previously reported.