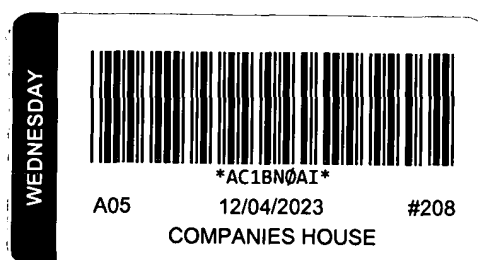


MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022



MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors	J S W Woods - Chairman N A L Lucking LLB - Non-Executive M A Franks - Non-Executive S J Mitcham- Non-Executive V A Poole - Finance Director (appointed 11 March 2022)
Company secretary	M J Rudd ACA
Registered number	06260310
Registered office	Moneyfacts House 66-70 Thorpe Road Norwich Norfolk NR1 1BJ
Independent auditors	Larking Gowen LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors King Street House 15 Upper King Street Norwich NR3 1RB

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

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MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

Introduction

The Directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 July 2022.

Business review

The principal activity of the Group is the provision of independent, up to date, product data covering the whole UK retail finance market. The Group continued to upgrade its products throughout the year.

The financial performance for the year, after adding back the exceptional movement of £1,150,000 in the dilapidations provision, was very satisfying and shows an increase in pre-tax profitability of £582,855. This was as a result of growth in online sales and advertising income as well as all four of the Group's annual gala awards dinners being held this year.

The results for the year, set out in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, show a pre-tax loss of £470,035 (2021 - profit of £97,110). At the year end, Group bank balances amount to £1,852,307 (2021 - £1,500,462). At the year end, the Group had net assets of £2.6m (2021 - £3.0m).

Key performance indicators

The directors consider that the key financial performance indicators are those that communicate the financial position and strengths of the Group, these being turnover, gross profit margin and pre-tax profit.

Turnover has increased from £4,073,861 in 2021 to £5,487,271 in the year, primarily due to the volatility in the economy driving increased online sales and advertising income as consumers look to compare financial products combined with the easing of COVID-19 restrictions leading to the reinstatement of the Group's annual gala awards dinners.

The Group has seen a relatively consistent gross margin at 77.5% in 2022 compared to 80.7% in the prior year. The small decrease in margin is as a result of the increased costs involved in holding live awards events compared to the virtual events held in 2021.

As noted in the business review above, the Group's performance has seen a significant improvement with a pre-tax profit of £679,965 after adding back the exceptional dilapidations expenses.

The directors consider that the key non-financial performance indicator is the accuracy of the data within its many databases as evidenced by our internal audit process identifying 99.9% accuracy in the last 12 months, which met our target of 99.9%. The databases power and support the Company's entire product range, the success of which are built on the delivery of accurate and timely data, analysis and commentary.

Future developments

The Group's brands are well established and well respected and, whilst the commercial environment is expected to remain challenging for the foreseeable future, based on current trading the directors anticipate a similar performance in the year ahead.

The Group will continue to develop and enhance its products and services to meet the evolving needs of its customers. Saving API was launched at the end of the year and there are new products planned for 2023.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

GROUP STRATEGIC REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

Principal risks and uncertainties

The continued successful performance of the Group requires management to continually monitor the key risks facing the Group. As such the Board formally manages the process on a regular basis and ensure that processes are in place to mitigate any potential risks which are identified.

The principal risks and uncertainties facing the Group include:

Competitive market - the Group is dependent upon the success of the UK financial services sector where current market conditions continue to be challenging, particularly whilst interest rates remain low. The Group's Analyser product range for Bank and Building Society product and marketing departments continues to increase its market share. The Group will continue its development of new products and revenue streams in the short to medium term.

Key personnel - management seek to ensure that key personnel are appropriately remunerated to ensure that good performance is recognised and that its core team is maintained.

IT security - management seek to ensure that the risk of loss of data and business interruption due to failures in IT security is mitigated to the greatest extent possible through the use of monitored Anti-Virus software, secure back up systems and regular review and enhancement of all IT systems and policies.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.



V A Poole
Director

Date: 19 January 2023

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

The Directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2022.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Group strategic report, the Directors' report and the consolidated financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and the Group and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the Group's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and the Group and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Results and dividends

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £426,357 (2021 - profit £79,875).

Dividends of £Nil (2021 - £13,790) were proposed and paid for the year by the directors.

Directors

The Directors who served during the year were:

J S W Woods - Chairman
M J Rudd ACA - Managing Director (resigned 29 April 2022)
N A L Lucking LLB - Non-Executive
M A Franks - Non-Executive
S J Mitcham - Non-Executive
V A Poole - Finance Director (appointed 11 March 2022)

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

Financial instruments

The Group's principal financial assets are bank balances and cash, trade and other receivables and investments.

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its receivables with related parties and its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet are net of allowances for doubtful receivables. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of the cash flows.

Group's policy for payment of creditors

It is the Group's policy to pay suppliers in accordance with the terms and conditions agreed in advance, once satisfactory performance of service or delivery of goods has been achieved. Trade creditors at 31 July 2022 represented 40 days of purchases (2021 - 70 days).

Research and development activities

The Group continues to invest in the development of its databases, websites and on line products. The Directors regard this investment as integral to the success of the business, ensuring it can continue to provide competitive products throughout this period of economic downturn and beyond.

Matters covered in the strategic report

Information on future developments is covered in the Strategic report.

Qualifying third party indemnity provisions

The Group has maintained throughout the year directors' liability insurance for the benefit of the directors and officers of the Group.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are Directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company and the Group's auditors are unaware, and
- the Director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a Director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company and the Group's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, Larking Gowen LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.



V A Poole
Director

Date: 19 January 2023

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Moneyfacts Group Holdings Limited (the 'parent Company') and its subsidiaries (the 'Group'), for the year ended 31 July 2022, which comprise the Group Statement of comprehensive income, the Group and Company Balance sheets, the Group Statement of cash flows, the Group and Company Statement of changes in equity and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the parent Company's affairs as at 31 July 2022 and of the Group's loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the United Kingdom, including the Financial Reporting Council's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group's or the parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our Auditors' report thereon. The Directors are responsible for the other information contained within the Annual Report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Group strategic report and the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Group strategic report and the Directors' report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Group and the parent Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Group strategic report or the Directors' report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 3, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Group's and the parent Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Group or the parent Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED (CONTINUED)

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Group financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

Due to the field in which the Group operates, we identified the areas most likely to have a direct material impact on the financial statements as compliance with UK tax legislation, UK accounting standards and the Companies Act 2006. In addition, we considered the provisions of other laws and regulations which, whilst not having a direct impact on the financial statements, are fundamental to the Group's ability to operate, including FCA regulation compliance, employment law and compliance with various other regulations relevant to the conduct of the Group's operations.

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risk of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations, included the following:

- Consideration by the senior statutory auditor of the experience and expertise of the engagement team to ensure that the team had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify non-compliance with the applicable laws and regulations on an assignment of this type;
- Enquiries with management about any known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations, potential litigation or claims and fraud;
- Discussions with those with FCA regulation compliance oversight responsibility and review of any communication with the Group's regulator;
- Reviewing legal and professional fees to confirm matters where the Group engaged lawyers during the year;
- Reviewing financial statement disclosures and tax matters, and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- Reviewing board minutes and any relevant correspondence with external authorities;
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their significant accounting estimates particularly in relation to intangible asset amortisation periods and carrying values; and
- Auditing the risk of management override of controls, including through testing journal entries and other adjustments for appropriateness, and evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business.

Due to the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Auditors' report.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS
LIMITED (CONTINUED)**

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Larking Gowen LLP.

Anders Rasmussen FCA (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of
Larking Gowen LLP

Chartered Accountants &
Statutory Auditors

King Street House
15 Upper King Street
Norwich
NR3 1RB

Date: 19 January 2023

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Turnover	4	5,487,271	4,073,861
Cost of sales		(1,234,885)	(785,522)
Gross profit		4,252,386	3,288,339
Administrative expenses		(3,566,125)	(3,217,087)
Exceptional administrative expenses	14	(1,150,000)	-
Other operating income	5	-	36,319
Operating (loss)/profit	6	(463,739)	107,571
Interest receivable and similar income	10	120	134
Interest payable and similar expenses	11	(6,416)	(10,595)
(Loss)/profit before taxation		(470,035)	97,110
Tax on (loss)/profit	12	43,678	(17,235)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(426,357)	79,875

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2022 or 2021 other than those included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

There was no other comprehensive income for 2022 (2021: £NIL).

The notes on pages 17 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 06260310

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 JULY 2022

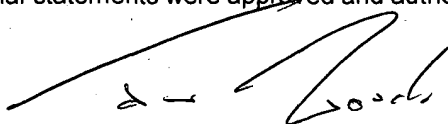
	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	15	3,009,934	3,159,354
Tangible assets	17	932,112	905,785
		<u>3,942,046</u>	<u>4,065,139</u>
Current assets			
Stocks	19	3,080	4,697
Debtors	20	996,168	867,056
Cash at bank and in hand	21	1,852,307	1,500,462
		<u>2,851,555</u>	<u>2,372,215</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	22	(2,993,900)	(3,281,031)
Net current liabilities		<u>(142,345)</u>	<u>(908,816)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>3,799,701</u>	<u>3,156,323</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	23	-	(80,265)
Provisions for liabilities			
Other provisions	26	(1,222,633)	(72,633)
Net assets		<u><u>2,577,068</u></u>	<u><u>3,003,425</u></u>

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 06260310

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 31 JULY 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	27	1,890,001	1,890,001
Share premium account	28	33,970	33,970
Capital redemption reserve	28	10	10
Other reserves	28	357,000	357,000
Profit and loss account	28	296,087	722,444
		<u>2,577,068</u>	<u>3,003,425</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:



J S W Woods - Chairman
Director

Date: 19 January 2023

The notes on pages 17 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER: 06260310

COMPANY BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 31 JULY 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Investments	18	2,851,000	2,851,000
		<u>2,851,000</u>	<u>2,851,000</u>
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand	21	13	13
		<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>2,851,013</u>	<u>2,851,013</u>
Net assets		<u>2,851,013</u>	<u>2,851,013</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	27	1,890,001	1,890,001
Share premium account	28	33,970	33,970
Capital redemption reserve	28	10	10
Profit and loss account	28	927,032	927,032
		<u>2,851,013</u>	<u>2,851,013</u>

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:



J S W Woods - Chairman
 Director

Date: 19 January 2023

The notes on pages 17 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve	Other reserves	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 August 2020	1,890,001	33,970	10	357,000	656,359	2,937,340
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	79,875	79,875
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	-	(13,790)	(13,790)
At 1 August 2021	1,890,001	33,970	10	357,000	722,444	3,003,425
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	(426,357)	(426,357)
At 31 July 2022	1,890,001	33,970	10	357,000	296,087	2,577,068

The notes on pages 17 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**COMPANY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

	Called up share capital	Share premium account	Capital redemption reserve	Profit and loss account	Total equity
	£	£	£	£	£
At 1 August 2020	1,890,001	33,970	10	927,030	2,851,011
Profit for the year	-	-	-	13,792	13,792
Dividends: Equity capital	-	-	-	(13,790)	(13,790)
At 1 August 2021	1,890,001	33,970	10	927,032	2,851,013
At 31 July 2022	1,890,001	33,970	10	927,032	2,851,013

The notes on pages 17 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

	2022 £	2021 £
Cash flows from operating activities		
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(426,357)	79,875
Adjustments for:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	149,420	149,420
Depreciation of tangible assets	86,025	90,273
Interest paid	6,416	10,595
Interest received	(120)	(134)
Taxation charge	(43,678)	17,235
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	1,617	(1,914)
(Increase)/decrease in debtors	(85,434)	34,391
(Decrease)/increase in creditors	(264,024)	345,850
Increase in provisions	1,150,000	1,537
Net cash generated from operating activities	573,865	727,128
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets	(112,352)	(576,804)
Interest received	120	134
Interest paid	(6,416)	(10,595)
Net cash from investing activities	(118,648)	(587,265)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of finance leases	(103,372)	(99,204)
Dividends paid	-	(13,790)
Net cash used in financing activities	(103,372)	(112,994)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	351,845	26,869
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,500,462	1,473,593
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year	1,852,307	1,500,462
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year comprise:		
Cash at bank and in hand	1,852,307	1,500,462
	1,852,307	1,500,462

The notes on pages 17 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**CONSOLIDATED ANALYSIS OF NET DEBT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

	At 1 August 2021 £	Cash flows £	Other non- cash changes £	At 31 July 2022 £
Cash at bank and in hand	1,500,462	351,845	-	1,852,307
Debt due within 1 year	(250,620)	250,223	-	(397)
Finance leases	(183,637)	109,104	(5,732)	(80,265)
	<u>1,066,205</u>	<u>711,172</u>	<u>(5,732)</u>	<u>1,771,645</u>

The notes on pages 17 to 35 form part of these financial statements.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

1. General information

Moneyfacts Group Holdings Limited is a company incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 06260310. The Registered office is Moneyfacts House, 66-70 Thorpe Road, Norwich, Norfolk, NR1 1BJ.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in GBP Sterling and rounded to the nearest £.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires Group management to exercise judgment in applying the Group's accounting policies (see note 3).

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of comprehensive income in these financial statements.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements present the results of the Group and its own subsidiaries ("the Group") as if they form a single entity. Intercompany transactions and balances between group companies are therefore eliminated in full.

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the results of business combinations using the purchase method. In the Statement of Financial Position, the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are initially recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date. The results of acquired operations are included in the Consolidated Statement of Income and Retained Earnings from the date on which control is obtained. They are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

2.3 Going concern

At the time of signing the financial statements, the directors have considered the impact of the current uncertainties in the UK and wider global economy. The Group's brands are well established and whilst the commercial environment is expected to remain challenging, last year's lifting of COVID-19 restrictions in the UK saw an immediate and significant improvement in performance. Based on current trading the directors anticipate a similar performance in the year ahead.

Whilst the Group remains in a position of net current liabilities after reviewing forecasts the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to meet its working capital requirements and continue in operation existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes and is adjusted to include annual subscription and similar turnover on a straight line basis. The following criteria must also therefore be met before revenue is recognised:

Turnover from the sale of licences to access Moneyfacts product data, from the sale of publication subscriptions and from the sale of rights to use Moneyfacts product, ratings & award logos is recognised throughout the duration of the licence or subscription term.

Turnover from the sale of advertising is recognised when the advertisement has been published.

Turnover from website referrals is recognised when it is probable that the Group will receive the consideration due under the contract.

Turnover from Moneyfacts events is recognised on the date that the event has taken place.

2.5 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill represents the difference between amounts paid on the cost of a business combination and the acquirer's interest in the fair value of the Group's share of its identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquiree at the date of acquisition. Subsequent to initial recognition, Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is amortised on a straight line basis to the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings over its useful economic life.

Other intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

Amortisation is provided on the following bases:

Website - 10 % straight-line

Patents, trademarks and publishing rights - 2.5 % straight-line

Moneyfacts was established in 1988 and acquired by Moneyfacts Group plc in 2001. On acquisition the patents, trademarks, brands and publishing rights have been recorded separately from goodwill on initial recognition.

The carrying value of intangible assets is reviewed for impairment if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. The useful economic life for patents, trademarks and publishing rights has been determined to be 40 years due to the technological nature and barriers of entry to the market in which they operate.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is charged on the following bases:

Freehold land	- not depreciated
Short-term leasehold property	- 2.5%
Fixtures and fittings	- 10 - 33%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.7 Impairment of fixed assets and goodwill

Assets that are subject to depreciation or amortisation are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication that the assets are impaired. Where there is any indication that an asset may be impaired, the carrying value of the asset (or cash generating unit to which the asset has been allocated) is tested for impairment. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's (or CGU's) fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (CGUs). Non financial assets that have been previously impaired are reviewed at each reporting date to assess whether there is any indication that the impairment losses recognised in prior periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

2.8 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.9 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

In the Consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are shown net of bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management.

2.12 Financial instruments

The Group only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

2.13 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.14 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the same period as the related expenditure.

2.15 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Consolidated statement of comprehensive income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

2.16 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.17 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

2.18 Operating leases: the Group as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Consolidated statement of income and retained earnings on a straight line basis over the lease term.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.19 Leased assets: the Group as lessee

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired by finance lease are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired by hire purchase are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

2.20 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Group operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Group has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Group in independently administered funds.

2.21 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.22 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Group a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Group becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Balance sheet.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.23 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company and the Group operate and generate income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.24 Research and development

In the research phase of an internal project it is not possible to demonstrate that the project will generate future economic benefits and hence all expenditure on research shall be recognised as an expense when it is incurred. Intangible assets are recognised from the development phase of a project if and only if certain specific criteria are met in order to demonstrate the asset will generate probable future economic benefits and that its cost can be reliably measured. The capitalised development costs are subsequently amortised on a straight line basis over their useful economic lives, which range from 3 to 10 years.

If it is not possible to distinguish between the research phase and the development phase of an internal project, the expenditure is treated as if it were all incurred in the research phase only.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Preparation of the financial statements requires management to make significant judgements and estimates. The items in the financial statements where these judgements and estimates have been made include:

Useful economic lives and impairment of intangible assets

The annual amortisation charge for intangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives of the assets and these are re-assessed annually. Additionally, the carrying values of the intangible assets are reviewed annually for impairment taking into account the historic profitability, future forecasts and general economy. See note 14 for the carrying amount of the intangible assets and note 2.5 for the useful economic lives for each class of asset.

4. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the Group.

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

5. Other operating income

	2022 £	2021 £
Government CJRS grants	-	36,319
	<u>-</u>	<u>36,319</u>

CJRS grants represent income receivable from central government to cover some of the costs of employing certain members of staff placed on furlough leave, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

6. Operating (loss)/profit

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

	2022 £	2021 £
Operating lease rentals	<u>250,000</u>	<u>208,333</u>

7. Auditors' remuneration

	2022 £	2021 £
Fees payable to the Group's auditor for the audit of the Group's annual financial statements	<u>13,150</u>	<u>12,450</u>

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

8. Employees

Staff costs, including Directors' remuneration, were as follows:

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
Wages and salaries	2,588,795	2,396,325	-	-
Social security costs	265,673	235,269	-	-
Cost of defined contribution scheme	200,121	211,880	-	-
	3,054,589	2,843,474	-	-

Total key management personnel compensation in 2022 was £246,337 (2021 - £232,413).

The average monthly number of employees, including the Directors, during the year was as follows:

	2022 No.	2021 No.
Management and administration	18	15
Editorial, research and customer support	59	58
Product development	4	5
	81	78

9. Directors' remuneration

	2022 £	2021 £
Directors' emoluments	193,362	172,387
Group contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	31,134	39,991
	224,496	212,378

During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 2 Directors (2021 - 1) in respect of defined contribution pension schemes.

The highest paid Director received remuneration of £77,654 (2021 - £92,137).

The value of the Group's contributions paid to a defined contribution pension scheme in respect of the highest paid Director amounted to £29,082 (2021 - £39,991).

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

10. Interest receivable

	2022 £	2021 £
Other interest receivable	120	134
	<u>120</u>	<u>134</u>

11. Interest payable and similar expenses

	2022 £	2021 £
Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	6,416	10,595
	<u>6,416</u>	<u>10,595</u>

12. Taxation

	2022 £	2021 £
Total current tax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	(43,963)	21,054
Adjustments in respect of prior periods	285	(3,819)
Total deferred tax	<u>(43,678)</u>	<u>17,235</u>
Taxation on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	<u>(43,678)</u>	<u>17,235</u>

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

12. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2021 - *lower than*) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%). The differences are explained below:

	2022 £	2021 £
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>(470,035)</u>	<u>97,110</u>
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)	(89,307)	18,451
Effects of:		
Non-tax deductible amortisation of goodwill and impairment	15,544	15,544
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	522	635
Fixed asset differences	(5,981)	-
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of deferred tax in prior periods	285	(3,819)
Deduction for R&D expenditure	(25,838)	(13,576)
Deferred tax not recognised	74,728	-
Changes to rates of deferred tax	(13,631)	-
Total tax charge for the year	<u><u>(43,678)</u></u>	<u><u>17,235</u></u>

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Finance Act 2021 includes an increase in the rate of corporation tax from 19% to 25% with effect from 1 April 2023.

13. Dividends

	2022 £	2021 £
Paid on Ordinary A shares	-	13,721
Paid on Ordinary C shares	-	69
	<u>-</u>	<u>13,790</u>

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

14. Exceptional items

	2022 £	2021 £
Increase in dilapidations provision	1,150,000	-
	<u>1,150,000</u>	<u>-</u>

The exceptional items in the year relate to an increase in the dilapidations provision as explained more fully in note 26.

15. Intangible assets

Group

	Website £	Patents, trademarks, publishing rights £	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 August 2021	676,078	3,272,487	50,000	3,998,565
At 31 July 2022	<u>676,078</u>	<u>3,272,487</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>3,998,565</u>
Amortisation				
At 1 August 2021	146,484	642,727	50,000	839,211
Charge for the year	67,608	81,812	-	149,420
At 31 July 2022	<u>214,092</u>	<u>724,539</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>988,631</u>
Net book value				
At 31 July 2022	<u>461,986</u>	<u>2,547,948</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,009,934</u>
At 31 July 2021	<u>529,594</u>	<u>2,629,760</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,159,354</u>

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

16. Parent company profit for the year

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed under section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its own Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in these financial statements. The profit after tax of the parent Company for the year was £Nil (2021 - £13,792).

17. Tangible fixed assets

Group

	Freehold land £	Short-term leasehold property £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 August 2021	568,288	93,731	1,358,990	2,021,009
Additions	-	-	112,352	112,352
Disposals	-	-	(313,326)	(313,326)
At 31 July 2022	<u>568,288</u>	<u>93,731</u>	<u>1,158,016</u>	<u>1,820,035</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 August 2021	-	25,945	1,089,279	1,115,224
Charge for the year	-	6,114	79,911	86,025
Disposals	-	-	(313,326)	(313,326)
At 31 July 2022	<u>-</u>	<u>32,059</u>	<u>855,864</u>	<u>887,923</u>
Net book value				
At 31 July 2022	<u>568,288</u>	<u>61,672</u>	<u>302,152</u>	<u>932,112</u>
At 31 July 2021	<u>568,288</u>	<u>67,786</u>	<u>269,711</u>	<u>905,785</u>

The Company did not have any tangible fixed assets in either the current or prior year.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

17. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Fixtures and fittings	173,248	230,997

18. Fixed asset investments

Company

	Investments in subsidiary companies £
Cost	
At 1 August 2021	2,851,000
At 31 July 2022	2,851,000

Direct subsidiary undertakings

The following were direct subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Class of shares	Holding
Moneyfacts Group plc	Ordinary	100%
Moneyfacts.co.uk Limited	Ordinary	100%

Indirect subsidiary undertakings

The following were indirect subsidiary undertakings of the Company:

Name	Principal activity	Class of shares	Holding
Moneyfacts Limited	Dormant	Ordinary	100%
Information Channel Limited	Dormant	Ordinary	100%
Savers Friend Limited	Dormant	Ordinary	100%

The registered office for all subsidiary undertakings is the same as Moneyfacts Group Holdings Limited.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

19. Stocks

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
Consumables	3,080	4,697	-	-
	<u>3,080</u>	<u>4,697</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

20. Debtors

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
Trade debtors	370,860	296,287	-	-
Prepayments and accrued income	568,512	557,651	-	-
Deferred taxation	56,796	13,118	-	-
	<u>996,168</u>	<u>867,056</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

An impairment loss of £Nil (2021 - £Nil) was recognised against trade debtors.

21. Cash and cash equivalents

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
Cash at bank and in hand	1,852,307	1,500,462	13	13
	<u>1,852,307</u>	<u>1,500,462</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>13</u>

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

22. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
Trade creditors	184,411	183,159	-	-
Other taxation and social security	271,940	302,417	-	-
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	80,265	103,372	-	-
Deferred income	2,310,347	2,284,974	-	-
Other creditors	397	250,620	-	-
Accruals	146,540	156,489	-	-
	<u>2,993,900</u>	<u>3,281,031</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured against the assets to which they relate.

23. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £	Company 2022 £	Company 2021 £
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	-	80,265	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>80,265</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured against the assets to which they relate.

24. Hire purchase and finance leases

Minimum lease payments under hire purchase fall due as follows:

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £
Within one year	81,828	109,104
Between 1-5 years	-	81,828
Less: interest	(1,563)	(7,295)
	<u>80,265</u>	<u>183,637</u>

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

25. Deferred taxation

Group

	2022 £	2021 £
At beginning of year	13,118	30,353
Charged to profit or loss	43,678	(17,235)
Deferred tax asset at end of year	56,796	13,118

The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(118,186)	(82,997)
Tax losses and other deductions	170,920	92,358
Short term timing differences	4,062	3,757
	56,796	13,118

26. Provisions

Group

	Dilapidation provision £
At 1 August 2021	72,633
Charged to profit or loss	1,150,000
At 31 July 2022	1,222,633

During the year it became apparent that significant repairs are required to certain parts of the Group's leasehold offices, in particular the windows. Under the terms of the lease the Group has an obligation to undertake these works at its cost. The directors have obtained quotations from external contractors and have made a provision for the costs based on these. The Group anticipates undertaking most of the work during the next year or so.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

27. Share capital

	2022 £	2021 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
1,890,000 (2021 - 1,890,000) Ordinary A shares of £1.00 each	1,890,000	1,890,000
1 (2021 - 1) Ordinary C shares of £1.00	1	1
	<u>1,890,001</u>	<u>1,890,001</u>

28. Reserves

Share premium account

Share premium includes any premiums received on issue of share capital. Any transaction costs associated with the issuing of shares are deducted from share premium.

Capital redemption reserve

This reserve records the nominal value of shares repurchased by the Company.

Other reserves

Other reserves relate to historic merger and reconstruction adjustments arising from a group reconstruction.

Profit and loss account

The profit & loss account includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

29. Pension commitments

The Group makes contributions in respect of employees into a group personal pension arrangement, sponsored by the Group. The scheme's funds are administered by Trustees and are insured by Aegon.

The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Group and amounted to £200,121 (2021 - £211,880). £20,009 (2021 - £19,771) of payments to the scheme insurer were outstanding at the year end.

MONEYFACTS GROUP HOLDINGS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022

30. Commitments under operating leases

At 31 July 2022 the Group had future minimum lease payments due under non-cancellable operating leases for each of the following periods:

	Group 2022 £	Group 2021 £
Not later than 1 year	250,000	250,000
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	1,000,000	1,000,000
Later than 5 years	229,167	479,167
	<u>1,479,167</u>	<u>1,729,167</u>

The Company had no commitments under non-cancellable operating leases at the balance sheet date.

31. Related party transactions

The Group rents offices from a company under the control of a director. The rent payable in the year to 31 July 2022 was £250,000 (2021 - £208,333). The Group has recharged costs to the related company on an arms length basis amounting to £5,359 (2021 - £5,700).

Until February 2021, a director owned the car park used by Moneyfacts Group plc. No rent was charged, but in exchange for its use Moneyfacts Group plc paid for the general upkeep of the car park. The costs of upkeep for the prior year were £3,869. The car park was purchased by Moneyfacts Group plc in February 2021 at open market value of £550,000 as determined by an independent RICS registered valuer. At year end £Nil (2021 - £250,000) remained outstanding within other creditors in relation to this matter.

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption from the requirement to disclose transactions with Group companies on the grounds that each subsidiary undertaking concerned is a wholly owned member of the Group.

32. Controlling party

The Group is controlled by JSW Woods by the virtue of his shareholding.