Registered number: 06155195

JM SOLUTIONS UK LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

JM Solutions UK Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2020

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JM Solutions UK Limited
Balance Sheet
As at 31 March 2020

Registered number: 06155195

	Notes	2020 £	2020 £	2019 £	2019 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	**3**		430,095		438,030
			430,095		438,030
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	**4**	378,835		449,091	
Cash at bank and in hand		959,382		958,371	
		1,338,217		1,407,462	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	**5**	(311,387)		(343,417)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			1,026,830		1,064,045
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,456,925		1,502,075
NET ASSETS			1,456,925		1,502,075
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	**6**		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			1,456,825		1,501,975
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,456,925		1,502,075

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Miss Maria Istrate

Director
22/10/2020

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold	2% Straight Line
Plant & Machinery	25% Reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	25% Reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	25% Reducing balance
Computer Equipment	25% Reducing balance

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. **Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2020	2019
Office and administration	5	7
	5	7

3. **Tangible Assets**

	Land & Property Freehold	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 April 2019	317,597	6,310	387,651	44,762
Additions	-	-	51,299	-
Disposals	-	-	(39,531)	-
As at 31 March 2020	317,597	6,310	399,419	44,762
Depreciation				
As at 1 April 2019	19,056	5,144	261,309	37,573
Provided during the period	3,176	292	41,624	1,797
Disposals	-	-	(28,384)	-
As at 31 March 2020	22,232	5,436	274,549	39,370
Net Book Value				
As at 31 March 2020	295,365	874	124,870	5,392
As at 1 April 2019	298,541	1,166	126,342	7,189

	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£
Cost		
As at 1 April 2019	13,617	769,937
Additions	-	51,299
Disposals	-	(39,531)
As at 31 March 2020	13,617	781,705
Depreciation		
As at 1 April 2019	8,825	331,907
Provided during the period	1,198	48,087
Disposals	-	(28,384)
As at 31 March 2020	10,023	351,610
Net Book Value		
As at 31 March 2020	3,594	430,095
As at 1 April 2019	4,792	438,030

4. Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	287,871	343,479
Prepayments and accrued income	70,964	85,612
Other debtors	20,000	20,000
	378,835	449,091

5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	237,690	190,362
Corporation tax	7,379	25,116
Other taxes and social security	4,387	7,034
VAT	33,941	55,905
Net wages	209	-
Accruals and deferred income	-	2,500
Directors' loan accounts	27,781	62,500
	311,387	343,417

6. Share Capital

	2020	2019
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

7. Dividends

	2020	2019
	£	£
On equity shares:		
Final dividend paid	60,000	64,000
	60,000	64,000

8. General Information

JM Solutions UK Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 06155195 . The registered office is Unit3c Beaver Industrial Estate, Brent Road, Southall, UB2 5FB.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.