Company registration number 05878310 (England and Wales)

ELEMENT MAN LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

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ELEMENT MAN LIMITED

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ELEMENT MAN LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2025

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 July 2025.

Principal activities
The principal activity of the company continued to be that of the sale of heating elements.

Directors
The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Mr C H Symonds
Mrs P J Symonds
Mr R C Symonds

Small companies exemption
This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Mr R C Symonds
Director

11 December 2025

ELEMENT MAN LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JULY 2025

	Notes	2025 £	£	2024 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	**5**		8,215		2,612
Current assets					
Stocks		45,820		47,728	
Debtors	**6**	69		2,576	
Cash at bank and in hand		295		198	
		46,184		50,502	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	**7**	(31,968)		(28,166)	
Net current assets			14,216		22,336
Net assets			22,431		24,948
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss reserves			22,331		24,848
Total equity			22,431		24,948

For the financial year ended 31 July 2025 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11 December 2025 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr R C Symonds
Director

Company registration number 05878310 (England and Wales)

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Element Man Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 88 Hill Village Road, Sutton Coldfield, West Midlands, England, B75 5BE.

1.1 Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the cash-generating units expected to benefit from the acquisition. Cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment at least annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount of the unit, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro-rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold land and buildings	5% on cost
Fixtures and fittings	33.33% on cost
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

1 Accounting policies **(Continued)**

1.6 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.7 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.8 Leases

As lessee

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2025 Number	2024 Number
Total	4	4

3 Taxation

	2025 £	2024 £
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits for the current period	1,628	598

4 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 August 2024 and 31 July 2025	30,000
Amortisation and impairment	
At 1 August 2024 and 31 July 2025	30,000
Carrying amount	
At 31 July 2025	-
At 31 July 2024	-

5 Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold land and buildings	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 August 2024	4,059	17,964	-	22,023
Additions	-	2,442	7,000	9,442
Disposals	-	(791)	-	(791)
At 31 July 2025	4,059	19,615	7,000	30,674
Depreciation and impairment				
At 1 August 2024	2,639	16,772	-	19,411
Depreciation charged in the year	203	1,886	1,750	3,839
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(791)	-	(791)
At 31 July 2025	2,842	17,867	1,750	22,459
Carrying amount				
At 31 July 2025	1,217	1,748	5,250	8,215
At 31 July 2024	1,420	1,192	-	2,612

6 Debtors

	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
Other debtors	69	2,576

7 **Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	2025	2024
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	681
Trade creditors	19,629	19,934
Taxation and social security	7,866	4,388
Other creditors	4,473	3,163
	31,968	28,166

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.