Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements

All of the members of INSURE LINE UK LIMITED have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 December 2016 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05535821

INSURE LINE UK LIMITED

Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

31 December 2016

INSURE LINE UK LIMITED

Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2016

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INSURE LINE UK LIMITED

Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £	£	2015 £
Fixed assets				
Intangible assets	**5**		**21,834**	24,260
Tangible assets	**6**		**11,073**	6,168
			32,907	30,428
Current assets				
Debtors		**148,324**		121,402
Cash at bank and in hand		**49,796**		70,793
		198,120		192,195
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		**192,507**		166,356
Net current assets			**5,613**	25,839
Total assets less current liabilities			**38,520**	56,267
Net assets			**38,520**	56,267

INSURE LINE UK LIMITED

Abridged Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 December 2016

	Note	2016 £	£	2015 £
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			**10**	10
Profit and loss account			**38,510**	56,257
Members funds			**38,520**	56,267

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 December 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;

- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 June 2017 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr K S Bhamra
Director

Mr S S Bhamra
Director

Company registration number: 05535821

INSURE LINE UK LIMITED

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2016

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 618 Stratford Road, Sparkhill, Birmingham, B11 4AP.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.
The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 January 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 9.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill	-	5% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment	-	25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 5 (2015: 4).

5. Intangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 January 2016 and 31 December 2016	**48,512**
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2016	**24,252**
Charge for the year	**2,426**
At 31 December 2016	**26,678**
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2016	**21,834**
At 31 December 2015	24,260

6. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 January 2016	**30,242**
Additions	**8,596**
At 31 December 2016	**38,838**
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2016	**24,074**
Charge for the year	**3,691**
At 31 December 2016	**27,765**
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2016	**11,073**
At 31 December 2015	6,168

7. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2016		
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	**Balance outstanding**
	£	£	**£**
Mr K S Bhamra	(2,703)	2,252	**(451)**
Mr S S Bhamra	(2,932)	2,481	**(451)**
	(5,635)	4,733	**(902)**

	2015		
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the directors	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
Mr K S Bhamra	(4,172)	1,469	(2,703)
Mr S S Bhamra	(29)	(2,903)	(2,932)
	(4,201)	(1,434)	(5,635)

8. Related party transactions

There are no significant related party transactions. The only related party transactions are as shown under the director's advances, credits and guarantees note.

9. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first abridged financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 January 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.