

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 05534521

Maeston Consulting Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 August 2017

Maeston Consulting Limited

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 August 2017

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The following pages do not form part of the financial statements

Accountants and business advisers report to the director on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements

Maeston Consulting Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 August 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	2,123	1,613
Current assets			
Debtors	6	28,192	29,384
Cash at bank and in hand		245	1,051
		28,437	30,435
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	26,322	21,119
Net current assets		2,115	9,316
Total assets less current liabilities		4,238	10,929
Net assets		4,238	10,929
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		4,237	10,928
Shareholders funds		4,238	10,929

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 August 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 May 2018 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr T Alexander

Director

Company registration number: 05534521

Maeston Consulting Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 August 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 2 Chartfield House, Castle Street, Taunton, Somerset, TA1 4AS.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Office Equipment - 30% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2016: 2).

5. Tangible assets

	Equipment £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 September 2016	12,762	12,762
Additions	1,648	1,648
Disposals	(664)	(664)
	-----	-----
At 31 August 2017	13,746	13,746
	-----	-----
Depreciation		
At 1 September 2016	11,149	11,149
Charge for the year	910	910
Disposals	(436)	(436)
	-----	-----
At 31 August 2017	11,623	11,623
	-----	-----
Carrying amount		
At 31 August 2017	2,123	2,123
	-----	-----
At 31 August 2016	1,613	1,613
	-----	-----

6. Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Other debtors	28,192	29,384
	-----	-----

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Corporation tax	20,527	11,865
Social security and other taxes	4,002	7,526
Other creditors	1,793	1,728
	-----	-----
	26,322	21,119
	-----	-----

8. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director reduced the company loan to him from £29,384 down to £28,016. He was also charged interest of £975.

Maeston Consulting Limited

Management Information

Year ended 31 August 2017

The following pages do not form part of the financial statements.

Maeston Consulting Limited

Accountants and Business Advisers Report to the Director on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of Maeston Consulting Limited

Year ended 31 August 2017

As described on the statement of financial position, the director of the company is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2017, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes. You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006. In accordance with your instructions we have compiled these financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to us.

CHEDZOY BUTTERWORTH Accountants and business advisers

2 Chartfield House Castle Street Taunton Somerset TA1 4AS

18 May 2018

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.