Registration number: 05413621

Thin Air Broadcasting Ltd

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 30 April 2014

C V Ross & Co Limited
Accountants and Tax Consultants
Unit 1, Office 1
Tower Lane Business Park
Tower Lane
Warmley
Bristol
BS30 8XT

Thin Air Broadcasting Ltd
(Registration number: 05413621)
Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 30 April 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets		80,510	91,979
Current assets			
Debtors		25,796	10,815
Cash at bank and in hand		10,005	6,818
		35,801	17,633
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		(37,402)	(35,976)
Net current liabilities		(1,601)	(18,343)
Total assets less current liabilities		78,909	73,636
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		-	(10,681)
Provisions for liabilities		(14,809)	(10,326)
Net assets		64,100	52,629
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		64,099	52,628
Shareholders' funds		64,100	52,629

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For the year ending 30 April 2014 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime .

Approved by the director on 20 January 2015

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Mr D Smallwood
Director

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Motor vehicles	25% on reducing balance
Equipment	25% on reducing balance

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE. Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Fixed assets

	Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 May 2013	187,626	187,626
Additions	15,368	15,368
At 30 April 2014	202,994	202,994
Depreciation		
At 1 May 2013	95,647	95,647
Charge for the year	26,837	26,837
At 30 April 2014	122,484	122,484
Net book value		
At 30 April 2014	80,510	80,510
At 30 April 2013	91,979	91,979

3 Related party transactions

Director's advances and credits

	2014 Advance/ Credit £	2014 Repaid £	2013 Advance/ Credit £	2013 Repaid £
Mr D Smallwood				
Amounts due to/(by) the director	981	-	445	-

Other related party transactions

During the year the company made the following related party transactions:

Mr D Smallwood

(Director)

Rent amounting to £364 (2013: £364) was paid to Mr D Smallwood

. At the balance sheet date the amount due to Mr D Smallwood was £nil (2013 - £nil).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.