

Registered number
05402421

Athawes & Company Limited

Filleted Abridged Accounts

31 July 2017

Athawes & Company Limited**Registered number:** 05402421**Abridged Balance Sheet****as at 31 July 2017**

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	34,720	39,060
Tangible assets	4	3,885	5,180
		<u>38,605</u>	<u>44,240</u>
Current assets			
Work in progress		2,350	855
Debtors		97,269	93,903
Cash at bank and in hand		12,091	-
		<u>111,710</u>	<u>94,758</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		<u>(40,849)</u>	<u>(43,959)</u>
Net current assets		<u>70,861</u>	<u>50,799</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>109,466</u>	<u>95,039</u>
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(667)</u>	<u>(902)</u>
Net assets		<u>108,799</u>	<u>94,137</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		108,798	94,136
Shareholder's funds		<u>108,799</u>	<u>94,137</u>

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

A.K.Athawes

Director

Approved by the board on 26 April 2018

Athawes & Company Limited
Notes to the Abridged Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2017

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from rendering of services. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the assignment.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment	25% on written down value
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Work in progress

Work in progress is measured at the value of cost incurred on work undertaken so far, plus an appropriate mark up as at the balance sheet date.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price).

Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2 Employees	2017	2016
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

3 Intangible fixed assets**£**

Goodwill:

Cost

At 1 August 2016	43,400
At 31 July 2017	<u>43,400</u>

Amortisation

At 1 August 2016	4,340
Provided during the year	<u>4,340</u>
At 31 July 2017	<u>8,680</u>

Net book value

At 31 July 2017	<u>34,720</u>
At 31 July 2016	<u>39,060</u>

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets**Total****£****Cost**

At 1 August 2016	23,129
At 31 July 2017	<u>23,129</u>

Depreciation

At 1 August 2016	17,949
Charge for the year	<u>1,295</u>
At 31 July 2017	<u>19,244</u>

Net book value

At 31 July 2017	<u>3,885</u>
At 31 July 2016	<u>5,180</u>

5 Other financial commitments**2017****2016****£****£**

Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases

31,21324,509**6 Controlling party**

The controlling party is A.K.Athawes by virtue of his ownership of 100% of the issued Ordinary share capital of the company.

7 Other information

Athawes & Company Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Stirling House, Sunderland Quay,

Culpeper Close,

Rochester,

Kent,

ME2 4HN.

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