

Company registration number 05378564 (England and Wales)

ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD

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ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

		2024	2023
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	11,808	23,621
Tangible assets	4	6,813	-
		<u>18,621</u>	<u>23,621</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	5	907,239	522,709
Cash at bank and in hand		25,978	49,968
		<u>933,217</u>	<u>572,677</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(639,405)	(298,808)
Net current assets		<u>293,812</u>	<u>273,869</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>312,433</u>	<u>297,490</u>
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(1,474)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net assets		<u><u>310,959</u></u>	<u><u>297,490</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7	1	1
Profit and loss reserves		<u>310,958</u>	<u>297,489</u>
Total equity		<u><u>310,959</u></u>	<u><u>297,490</u></u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2024

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 December 2024 and are signed on its behalf by:

G Piraino
Director

Company registration number 05378564 (England and Wales)

ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Anglia Collections and Recovery Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is The Anglia Business Centre, Mill Green Road, Pinchbeck, Spalding, PE11 3PU.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

This company is a qualifying entity for the purposes of FRS 102 and as a member of a group has taken advantage of exemptions from disclosures under Section 33 'Related Party Disclosures'.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT.

1.3 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery	20% per annum reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	25% per annum straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors and loans from fellow group companies that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.11 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.12 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2024 Number	2023 Number
Total	10	8

3 Intangible fixed assets

Goodwill
£

Cost

At 1 April 2023 and 31 March 2024

150,000

Amortisation and impairment

At 1 April 2023

126,379

Amortisation charged for the year

11,813

At 31 March 2024

138,192

Carrying amount

At 31 March 2024

11,808

At 31 March 2023

23,621

ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2023	24,179
Additions	8,612
	<u>32,791</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>32,791</u>
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2023	24,179
Depreciation charged in the year	1,799
	<u>25,978</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>25,978</u>
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2024	6,813
	<u><u> </u></u>
At 31 March 2023	<u><u> </u></u>

5 Debtors

	2024	2023
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	474,869	304,053
Corporation tax recoverable	-	20,558
Amounts owed by group undertakings	338,692	174,724
Prepayments and accrued income	93,678	23,374
	<u>907,239</u>	<u>522,709</u>
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Trade creditors	89,773	11,735
Amounts owed to group undertakings	365,944	221,246
Taxation and social security	26,240	37,860
Accruals and deferred income	157,448	27,967
	<u>639,405</u>	<u>298,808</u>
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>

7 Called up share capital

	2024	2023	2024	2023
	Number	Number	£	£
Ordinary share capital				
Issued and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

ANGLIA COLLECTIONS AND RECOVERY LTD

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024

7 Called up share capital **(Continued)**

8 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties

The company has taken advantage of the exemption within section 33 of FRS 102 *Related Party Disclosures* and has not disclosed transactions undertaken with other members of the group.

9 Parent company

The company is a subsidiary of Anglia (UK) Holdings Ltd. The registered office of the parent is The Anglia Business Centre, Mill Green Road, Pinchbeck, Spalding, Lincolnshire, PE11 3PU.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.