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Registration number 05047430

Commfire Limited

Unaudited Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

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Commfire Limited
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Commfire Limited
(Registration number: 05047430)
Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible fixed assets	2	<u>14,429</u>	<u>3,733</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		9,017	3,134
Debtors		50,820	30,316
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>7,798</u>	<u>16,472</u>
		67,635	49,922
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		<u>(49,511)</u>	<u>(30,859)</u>
Net current assets		<u>18,124</u>	<u>19,063</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		32,553	22,796
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(1,740)</u>	<u>(750)</u>
Net assets		<u>30,813</u>	<u>22,046</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	11	11
Profit and loss account		<u>30,802</u>	<u>22,035</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u>30,813</u>	<u>22,046</u>

For the year ending 31 March 2012 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime

Approved by the director on

23/10/12

P R Seager
Director

Commfire Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Office Equipment	25% Reducing Balance
Plant and Machinery	25% Reducing Balance

Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by the FRSSE

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding. Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract and represent a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account

Commfire Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2012

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Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions are recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

2 Fixed assets

	Tangible assets £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 April 2011	8,477	8,477
Additions	17,153	17,153
Disposals	<u>(4,824)</u>	<u>(4,824)</u>
At 31 March 2012	<u>20,806</u>	<u>20,806</u>
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2011	4,744	4,744
Charge for the year	3,711	3,711
Eliminated on disposals	<u>(2,078)</u>	<u>(2,078)</u>
At 31 March 2012	<u>6,377</u>	<u>6,377</u>
Net book value		
At 31 March 2012	<u>14,429</u>	<u>14,429</u>
At 31 March 2011	<u>3,733</u>	<u>3,733</u>

3 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2012		2011	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	<u>11</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>11</u>