

**IDS SERVICES (UK) LIMITED
ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024**

IDS Services (UK) Limited
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IDS Services (UK) Limited
Abridged Statement of Financial Position
As At 31 March 2024

Registered number: 04898521

		2024		2023	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	4		-		4,750
Tangible Assets	5		97,350		130,200
			97,350		134,950
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		93,499		87,248	
Debtors		191,065		357,774	
Cash at bank and in hand		339,872		182,273	
		624,436		627,295	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year					
		(303,919)		(329,312)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			320,517		297,983
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			417,867		432,933
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year			(46,115)		(60,783)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation			(24,338)		(24,738)
NET ASSETS			347,414		347,412
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	7		1,004		1,004
Income Statement			346,410		346,408
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			347,414		347,412

IDS Services (UK) Limited
Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)
As At 31 March 2024

For the year ending 31 March 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Income Statement.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Statement of Financial Position for the year end 31 March 2024 in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board

Mr David Sherrington

Director

09/10/2024

Mr Anthony Derbyshire

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

IDS Services (UK) Limited
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2024

1. General Information

IDS Services (UK) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 04898521. The registered office is Unit 1 Station Road Industrial Estate, Station Road Great Harwood, Blackburn, Lancashire, BB6 7BA.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to income statement over its estimated economic life of 20 years.

2.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	25% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	25% reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	25% reducing balance
Computer Equipment	33% straight line

2.5. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the income statement so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to income statement as incurred.

2.6. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

2.7. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 18 (2023: 18)

IDS Services (UK) Limited
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2024

4. Intangible Assets

	Total £
Cost	
As at 1 April 2023	95,000
As at 31 March 2024	95,000
Amortisation	
As at 1 April 2023	90,250
Provided during the period	4,750
As at 31 March 2024	95,000
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2024	-
As at 1 April 2023	4,750

5. Tangible Assets

	Total £
Cost	
As at 1 April 2023	339,599
Additions	958
As at 31 March 2024	340,557
Depreciation	
As at 1 April 2023	209,399
Provided during the period	33,808
As at 31 March 2024	243,207
Net Book Value	
As at 31 March 2024	97,350
As at 1 April 2023	130,200

6. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase

	2024 £	2023 £
The future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:		
Not later than one year	23,673	17,557
Later than one year and not later than five years	34,402	39,048
	58,075	56,605
	58,075	56,605

IDS Services (UK) Limited
Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2024

7. Share Capital

	2024	2023
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1,004	1,004

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.