

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04622708

Lois Burton Ltd

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

30 June 2024

Lois Burton Ltd

Statement of Financial Position

30 June 2024

		2024	2023
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	8,231	8,499
Current assets			
Debtors	7	43,231	8,898
Cash at bank and in hand		204,053	244,603
		-----	-----
		247,284	253,501
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	226,397	204,238
		-----	-----
Net current assets		20,887	49,263
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		29,118	57,762
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	27,778	33,333
		-----	-----
Net assets		1,340	24,429
		-----	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		1,240	24,329
		-----	-----
Shareholders funds		1,340	24,429
		-----	-----

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 30 June 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Lois Burton Ltd

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

30 June 2024

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 November 2024
, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs L G Burton

Director

Company registration number: 04622708

Lois Burton Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 30 June 2024

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Prince of Wales House, 18/19 Salmon Fields Business Village, Salmon Fields, Royton, Oldham, OL2 6HT.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 10% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Office Equipment - 15% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities. Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability. Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2023: 2).

5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 July 2023 and 30 June 2024	52,500

Amortisation	
At 1 July 2023 and 30 June 2024	52,500

Carrying amount	
At 30 June 2024	—

At 30 June 2023	—

6. Tangible assets

	Equipment	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 July 2023	17,276	17,276
Additions	1,186	1,186
	-----	-----
At 30 June 2024	18,462	18,462
	-----	-----
Depreciation		
At 1 July 2023	8,777	8,777
Charge for the year	1,454	1,454
	-----	-----
At 30 June 2024	10,231	10,231
	-----	-----
Carrying amount		
At 30 June 2024	8,231	8,231
	-----	-----
At 30 June 2023	8,499	8,499
	-----	-----

7. Debtors

	2024	2023
	£	£
Trade debtors	7,662	—
Other debtors	35,569	8,898
	43,231	8,898

8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	5,556	5,556
Corporation tax	27,463	35,242
Social security and other taxes	11,336	20,307
Other creditors	182,042	143,133
	226,397	204,238

9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	27,778	33,333

10. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

Included within other debtors are loans to the directors totalling £26,534 (2023: £16,127 in credit) on which interest is charged at the official rate. The loans are repayable in full or in part on demand. Dividends totalling £106,000 (2023: £115,000) were paid in the year in respect of shares held by the company's directors.

11. Related party transactions

The company was under the control of Mrs L Burton and Mr R Burton throughout the current year. Mrs L Burton and Mr R Burton are the managing directors and each are 50% shareholders. Mrs L Burton and Mr R Burton are also directors and each are 50% shareholders in Lois Burton Online Ltd during the year. Included within other debtors is an interest free loan of £6,094 (2023: £5,794) to this company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.