

J9 Solutions (UK) Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

J9 Solutions (UK) Limited

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J9 Solutions (UK) Limited

(Registration number: 04616708)

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	2,222	2,614
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	61	463
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>773</u>	<u>2,523</u>
		834	2,986
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	<u>(19,375)</u>	<u>(10,834)</u>
Net current liabilities		<u>(18,541)</u>	<u>(7,848)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		(16,319)	(5,234)
Provisions for liabilities		<u>-</u>	<u>(523)</u>
Net liabilities		<u>(16,319)</u>	<u>(5,757)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		<u>(16,320)</u>	<u>(5,758)</u>
Total equity		<u>(16,319)</u>	<u>(5,757)</u>

For the financial year ending 31 December 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 29 September 2018

JR Bowman

Director

The notes on pages 2 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.

J9 Solutions (UK) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

4 Cyrus Way
Cygnet Park
Hampton
Peterborough
PE7 8HP

The principal place of business is:

21 Daintree
Needingworth
St Ives
Cambridgeshire
PE27 4SP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 29 September 2018.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The business is being carried out with a long term aim of profitability, and the director is confident that the company will be able to meet its liabilities as and when they fall due for the foreseeable future.

The director is therefore of the opinion that it is appropriate to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

J9 Solutions (UK) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	15% reducing balance per annum
Fixtures and fittings	15% reducing balance per annum

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

J9 Solutions (UK) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2016 - 2).

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2017	47,758	47,758
At 31 December 2017	47,758	47,758
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2017	47,758	47,758
At 31 December 2017	47,758	47,758
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2017	-	-

5 Tangible assets

	Fixtures and fittings £	Plant and machinery £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2017	414	8,022	8,436
At 31 December 2017	414	8,022	8,436
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2017	275	5,547	5,822
Charge for the year	21	371	392
At 31 December 2017	296	5,918	6,214
Carrying amount			

At 31 December 2017	<u>118</u>	<u>2,104</u>	<u>2,222</u>
At 31 December 2016	<u>140</u>	<u>2,474</u>	<u>2,614</u>

J9 Solutions (UK) Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2017

6 Debtors

	2017	2016
	£	£
Other debtors	61	463
	<u>61</u>	<u>463</u>

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2017	2016
	£	£
Due within one year		
Taxation and social security	-	362
Accruals and deferred income	1,006	1,006
Other creditors	18,369	9,466
	<u>19,375</u>	<u>10,834</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.