

RUBICON RESEARCH LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 30 APRIL 2018

	Note	2018 £	2017 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	3,746	4,162
		<u>3,746</u>	<u>4,162</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		2,750	2,750
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	16,857	13,582
Cash at bank and in hand		2,680	1,552
		<u>22,287</u>	<u>17,884</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(14,384)	(12,404)
Net current assets		<u>7,903</u>	<u>5,480</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>11,649</u>	<u>9,642</u>
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax	8	(635)	-
		<u>(635)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net assets		<u><u>11,014</u></u>	<u><u>9,642</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	9	35,200	35,200
Profit and loss account		(24,186)	(25,558)
		<u><u>11,014</u></u>	<u><u>9,642</u></u>

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)
AS AT 30 APRIL 2018

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

J D Armstrong
Director

Date: 30 January 2019

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018**

1. General information

The company is a private company, limited by shares and registered in England within the United Kingdom. The registered number is 04417021, the address of the registered office is Reddings, Oakridge Lane, Sidcot, Winscombe, North Somerset, BS25 1LZ.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.3 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings using the effective interest method.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018**

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

2.5 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings	-	10%
		reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the statement of income and retained earnings.

2.6 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.8 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the statement of income and retained earnings in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the statement of financial position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the statement of financial position.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 2 (2017: 2).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

4. Taxation

	2018 £	2017 £
Corporation tax		
Current tax on profits for the year	339	-
Adjustments in respect of previous periods	(576)	-
Deferred tax		
Origination and reversal of timing differences	635	(833)
Taxation on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	398	(833)

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Fixtures and fittings £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 May 2017	14,446
At 30 April 2018	14,446
Depreciation	
At 1 May 2017	10,284
Charge for the year on owned assets	416
At 30 April 2018	10,700
Net book value	
At 30 April 2018	3,746
At 30 April 2017	4,162

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

6. Debtors

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade debtors	15,678	12,695
Other debtors	237	-
Prepayments	942	887
	<u>16,857</u>	<u>13,582</u>

7. Creditors: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2018 £	2017 £
Trade creditors	3,604	1,756
Other taxation and social security	6,757	5,807
Accruals	1,700	2,933
Other creditors	2,323	1,908
	<u>14,384</u>	<u>12,404</u>

	2018 £	2017 £
Other taxation and social security		
PAYE/NI control	547	416
VAT control	6,210	5,391
	<u>6,757</u>	<u>5,807</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

8. Deferred taxation

	2018 £
At beginning of year	-
Charged to profit or loss	(635)
	<u> </u>
At end of year	<u> (635)</u>

The deferred taxation balance is made up as follows:

	2018 £	2017 £
Accelerated capital allowances	(635)	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	<u> (635)</u>	<u> -</u>

9. Share capital

	2018 £	2017 £
ALLOTTED, CALLED UP AND FULLY PAID		
35,200 (2017: 35,200) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<u> 35,200</u>	<u> 35,200</u>

10. Related party transactions

Included in creditors due within one year is a balance of £85 (2017: £1,352) owing by the company to J D Armstrong, the director. No interest is charged on this balance and there is no fixed date for repayment.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.