

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 04364984

BERESFORD PLASTERING SERVICES LIMITED
FILLETED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 March 2020

BERESFORD PLASTERING SERVICES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31 March 2020

		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	5	62,433	67,357
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		18,346	164,011
Debtors	6	225,468	257,990
Cash at bank and in hand		762,582	578,399
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		1,006,396	1,000,400
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	7	124,083	132,037
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NET CURRENT ASSETS		882,313	868,363
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TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		944,746	935,720
PROVISIONS			
Taxation including deferred tax		12,041	12,041
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NET ASSETS		932,705	923,679
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CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		932,704	923,678
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SHAREHOLDER FUNDS		932,705	923,679
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

BERESFORD PLASTERING SERVICES LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION *(continued)*

31 March 2020

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 July 2020 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr L. A Beresford

Director

Company registration number: 04364984

BERESFORD PLASTERING SERVICES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 6B Lincoln Road, Skellingthorpe, Lincoln, LN6 5UT.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Property Improvements	-	2% straight line
Plant & Equipment	-	15% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	-	25% reducing balance
Office Equipment	-	25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 4 (2019: 5).

5. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 April 2019	5,140	46,781	61,076	26,070	139,067
Additions	—	—	52,273	469	52,742
Disposals	—	—	(52,273)	—	(52,273)
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At 31 March 2020	5,140	46,781	61,076	26,539	139,536
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Depreciation					
At 1 April 2019	1,155	38,063	11,241	21,251	71,710
Charge for the year	105	1,308	2,658	1,322	5,393
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At 31 March 2020	1,260	39,371	13,899	22,573	77,103
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Carrying amount					
At 31 March 2020	3,880	7,410	47,177	3,966	62,433
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At 31 March 2019	3,985	8,718	49,835	4,819	67,357
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6. DEBTORS

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade debtors	202,079	230,537
Other debtors	23,389	27,453
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	225,468	257,990
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7. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Trade creditors	71,829	61,153
Corporation tax	36,679	53,136
Social security and other taxes	13,789	16,856
Other creditors	1,786	892
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	124,083	132,037
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8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The company was under the control of Mr L A Beresford throughout the current and previous year. Mr L A Beresford is the managing director and majority shareholder. No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS 102.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.