

**IMPERIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED**

**UNAUDITED**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019**

**IMPERIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER:03796708**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019**

|                                                | Note | 2019<br>£       | 2018<br>£       |
|------------------------------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                            |      |                 |                 |
| Tangible assets                                | 4    | 197,267         | 191,520         |
|                                                |      | <u>197,267</u>  | <u>191,520</u>  |
| <b>Current assets</b>                          |      |                 |                 |
| Stocks                                         |      | 1,150           | 1,725           |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year   | 5    | 9,809           | 47,284          |
| Bank & cash balances                           |      | 890,254         | 782,609         |
|                                                |      | <u>901,213</u>  | <u>831,618</u>  |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 6    | (148,438)       | (181,578)       |
|                                                |      | <u>752,775</u>  | <u>650,040</u>  |
| <b>Net current assets</b>                      |      |                 |                 |
|                                                |      | <u>752,775</u>  | <u>650,040</u>  |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>   |      | <u>950,042</u>  | <u>841,560</u>  |
| <b>Provisions for liabilities</b>              |      |                 |                 |
| Deferred tax                                   |      | (17,508)        | (18,117)        |
|                                                |      | <u>(17,508)</u> | <u>(18,117)</u> |
| <b>Net assets</b>                              |      | <u>932,534</u>  | <u>823,443</u>  |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                    |      |                 |                 |
| Called up share capital                        |      | 100             | 100             |
| Profit and loss account                        |      | 932,434         | 823,343         |
|                                                |      | <u>932,534</u>  | <u>823,443</u>  |

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**IMPERIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER:03796708**

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**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)**  
**AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2019**

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The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the income statement in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

.....  
**S D Smith**

Director

Date: 2 January 2020

.....  
**Mrs L E Smith**

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019**

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**1. General information**

Imperial Care Homes Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 03796708. The registered office is Letheringsett Hall, Church Lane, Letheringsett, Holt, Norfolk. NR25 7AR.

**2. Accounting policies**

**2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

**2.2 Turnover**

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

**2.3 Interest income**

Interest income is recognised in the Income statement using the effective interest method.

**2.4 Finance costs**

Finance costs are charged to the Income statement over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.5 Pensions**

**Defined contribution pension plan**

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Income statement when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

**2.6 Current and deferred taxation**

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income statement, except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of financial position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

**2.7 Tangible fixed assets**

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.7 Tangible fixed assets (continued)**

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

|                           |                        |
|---------------------------|------------------------|
| L/Term Leasehold Property | - 4% Straight Line     |
| Motor vehicles            | - 25% Reducing Balance |
| Fixtures & fittings       | - 15% Reducing Balance |
| Computer equipment        | - 3 Year Straight Line |

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Income statement.

**2.8 Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

**2.9 Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

**2.10 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

**2.11 Creditors**

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.12 Provisions for liabilities**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the Income statement in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of financial position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of financial position.

**2.13 Financial instruments**

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

**2.14 Dividends**

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

**3. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 50 (2018 - 53).

IMPERIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019

4. Tangible fixed assets

|                                     | L/Term<br>Leasehold<br>Property<br>£ | Motor vehicles<br>£ | Fixtures &<br>fittings<br>£ | Computer<br>equipment<br>£ | Total<br>£ |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|
| <b>Cost or valuation</b>            |                                      |                     |                             |                            |            |
| At 1 October 2018                   | 106,990                              | 17,347              | 421,713                     | 549                        | 546,599    |
| Additions                           | 14,493                               | -                   | 15,686                      | -                          | 30,179     |
| At 30 September 2019                | 121,483                              | 17,347              | 437,399                     | 549                        | 576,778    |
| <b>Depreciation</b>                 |                                      |                     |                             |                            |            |
| At 1 October 2018                   | 23,730                               | 7,589               | 323,211                     | 549                        | 355,079    |
| Charge for the year on owned assets | 4,863                                | 2,439               | 17,130                      | -                          | 24,432     |
| At 30 September 2019                | 28,593                               | 10,028              | 340,341                     | 549                        | 379,511    |
| <b>Net book value</b>               |                                      |                     |                             |                            |            |
| At 30 September 2019                | 92,890                               | 7,319               | 97,058                      | -                          | 197,267    |
| <b>At 30 September 2018</b>         | 83,260                               | 9,758               | 98,502                      | -                          | 191,520    |

**IMPERIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2019**

**5. Debtors**

|                                | 2019<br>£    | 2018<br>£     |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Trade debtors                  | -            | 37,599        |
| Other debtors                  | 200          | 200           |
| Prepayments and accrued income | 9,609        | 9,485         |
|                                | <u>9,809</u> | <u>47,284</u> |

**6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

|                                    | 2019<br>£      | 2018<br>£      |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Payments received on account       | 55,795         | 26,450         |
| Corporation tax                    | 57,544         | 56,705         |
| Other taxation and social security | 9,108          | 7,326          |
| Other creditors                    | 17,801         | 81,793         |
| Accruals and deferred income       | 8,190          | 9,304          |
|                                    | <u>148,438</u> | <u>181,578</u> |

**7. Pension commitments**

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £48,000 (2018 - £68,000).

**8. Commitments under operating leases**

At 30 September 2019 the Company had future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

|                    | 2019<br>£     | 2018<br>£     |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Later than 5 years | 50,000        | 50,000        |
|                    | <u>50,000</u> | <u>50,000</u> |



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