Registered number
03369621

Surfmore Ltd

Filleted Accounts

31 August 2019

Surfmore Ltd

Registered number: 03369621

Balance Sheet

as at 31 August 2019

	Notes		2019		2018
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		845,742		845,742
Current assets					
Debtors	3	241,428		273,427	
Cash at bank and in hand		45,106		22,909	
		286,534		296,336	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	(23,314)		(24,955)	
Net current assets			263,220		271,381
Net assets			1,108,962		1,117,123
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			1,108,960		1,117,121
Shareholders' funds			1,108,962		1,117,123

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mrs Lisa Halliday

Director

Approved by the board on 10 October 2019

Surfmore Ltd

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 August 2019

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	100% straight line
Freehold Property	Nil

No Freehold depreciation has been provided because the expected residual values are sufficiently high and the expected useful economic life of the asset is long, and as such the depreciation charge would be immaterial.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the

extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings
	£
Cost	
At 1 September 2018	845,742
At 31 August 2019	845,742
Depreciation	
At 31 August 2019	-
Net book value	
At 31 August 2019	845,742
At 31 August 2018	845,742

3 Debtors

	2019	2018
	£	£
Other debtors	241,428	273,427

4 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade creditors	3,089	4,766
Taxation and social security costs	5,593	5,843
Other creditors	14,632	14,346
	23,314	24,955

5 Other information

Surfmore Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered

office is:

Springfield, Moretonhampstead, Newton Abbot, Devon, England, TQ13 8PP

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.