Registered number: 03339607

CODECHECK SYSTEMS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2025

KSR Accountants
Institute of Financial Accountants
The Old Buttermarket
Market Place
Tuxford
Newark
NG22 0LJ

Codecheck Systems Limited
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Codecheck Systems Limited
Balance Sheet
As At 30 April 2025

Registered number: 03339607

	Notes	2025 £	2025 £	2024 £	2024 £
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	**4**		1,092		936
			1,092		936
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	**5**	-		6,416	
Cash at bank and in hand		19,430		17,076	
		19,430		23,492	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	**6**	(12,621)		(10,066)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			6,809		13,426
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			7,901		14,362
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	**7**		(3,324)		-
NET ASSETS			4,577		14,362
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	**8**		1,000		1,000
Profit and Loss Account			3,577		13,362
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			4,577		14,362

For the year ending 30 April 2025 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mrs Barbara Blackmore

Director
31st October 2025

Mr Steve Blackmore

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these financial statements.

1. General Information

Codecheck Systems Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 03339607 . The registered office is The Old Buttermarket, Market Place, Tuxford, Newark, NG22 0LJ.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	15
Motor Vehicles	25
Fixtures & Fittings	15
Computer Equipment	50

2.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax are recognised in profit or loss for the year, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case current and deferred tax are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 2 (2024: 2)

4. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 May 2024	2,200	704	2,634	5,538
Additions	432	-	-	432
As at 30 April 2025	2,632	704	2,634	5,970
Depreciation				
As at 1 May 2024	1,588	587	2,427	4,602
Provided during the period	156	17	103	276
As at 30 April 2025	1,744	604	2,530	4,878
Net Book Value				
As at 30 April 2025	888	100	104	1,092
As at 1 May 2024	612	117	207	936

5. Debtors

	2025	2024
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	-	5,940
Due after more than one year		
Directors loan account	-	476
	-	6,416

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Trade creditors	1	(2)
Corporation tax	8,457	7,386
VAT	4,163	2,682
	12,621	10,066

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2025	2024
	£	£
Directors loan account	3,324	-

8. Share Capital

	2025	2024
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1,000	1,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.