REGISTERED NUMBER: 03240721 (England and Wales)

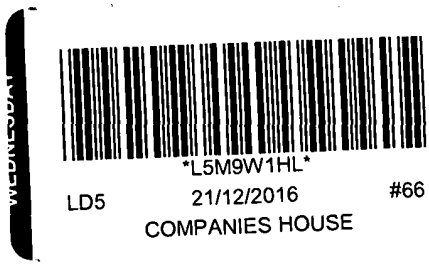
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Abbreviated Accounts

for the Year Ended 31 March 2016

for

Durham Specsavers Limited



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Durham Specsavers Limited

Company Information
for the Year Ended 31 March 2016

DIRECTORS:	Specsavers Optical Group Limited M L Perkins A M Craig P F Carroll D M Thompson
SECRETARY:	Specsavers Optical Group Limited
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Unit 2 1-4 North Road Durham Co. Durham DH1 4PW
REGISTERED NUMBER:	03240721 (England and Wales)
AUDITORS:	Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor London

Independent Auditors' Report to
Durham Specsavers Limited
Under Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the company's abbreviated accounts which comprise the Balance Sheet and the related notes, together with the financial statements of Durham Specsavers Limited for the year ended 31 March 2016 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors
The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the Regulations made under that Section and to report our opinion to you.

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

Opinion
In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the Regulations made under that Section.

Ernst & Young LLP

Julie Carlyle (Senior statutory auditor)
for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor
London
Date: 20 DEC 2016

Durham Specsavers Limited (Registered number: 03240721)

Abbreviated Balance Sheet
31 March 2016

	Notes	31.3.16 £	31.3.15 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	2	138,274	16,341
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		25,146	24,747
Debtors	3	72,581	174,703
Cash in hand		50	50
		97,777	199,500
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	4	(188,660)	(167,472)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS		(90,883)	32,028
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		47,391	48,369
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due after more than one year		(1,099)	(2,073)
NET ASSETS		46,292	46,296
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital	5	100	100
Profit and loss account		46,192	46,196
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		46,292	46,296

The abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 16 DEC 2016 and were signed on its behalf by:

Director ANDREW CRAIG

For Specsavers Optical Group Limited

Authorised Signatory PETE MILLER.

The notes form part of these abbreviated accounts

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention
The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

The financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that such support as is required to enable the company to continue to trade will be received from the company's ultimate parent undertaking, Specsavers International Healthcare Limited.

Turnover
Turnover represents the net amounts invoiced to customers during the period less work in progress and net of value added tax.

Tangible fixed assets
Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Optical equipment	-	14-25% on cost
Fixtures and fittings	-	14-25% on cost
Computer equipment	-	33% on cost
Motor Vehicles	-	25% on cost

Stocks
Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on an average cost basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price allowing for all further costs of completion and disposal.

Deferred tax
Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation at the balance sheet date to pay more tax or a right to pay less tax, at a future date, at rates expected to apply when they crystallise based on current tax rates and law. Timing differences arise from the inclusion of items of income and expenditure in tax computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Dividends
Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments
Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to the profit and loss account over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Reverse premiums and similar incentives received to enter into operating lease agreements are released to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis until the first rent review date.

Pension costs
The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account in the period in which they become payable.

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2. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Total £
COST	
At 1 April 2015	394,327
Additions	138,782
Disposals	(86,778)
At 31 March 2016	446,331
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 April 2015	377,986
Charge for year	15,952
Eliminated on disposal	(85,881)
At 31 March 2016	308,057
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 March 2016	138,274
At 31 March 2015	16,341

3. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

The aggregate total of debtors falling due after more than one year is £2,028 (31.3.15 - £5,824).

4. CREDITORS

Creditors include an amount of £0 (31.3.15 - £995) for which security has been given.

5. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:

Number:	Class:	Nominal value:	31.3.16 £	31.3.15 £
100	"A" Ordinary	£0.50	50	50
100	"B" Ordinary	£0.50	50	50
			100	100

In accordance with the Articles of Association the following rights attach to the shares a) to "A" shares, the right to receive that part (including the whole) of the profits of the company which the directors shall, from time to time, determine to distribute as dividends. b) to "B" shares, the right to appoint the chairman of the board of directors and of the general meeting of the company. The "B" shares are held by Specsavers Optical Group Limited. In all other respects both classes of share carry equal rights over the assets of the company, subject to those provisions as laid out within the shareholders agreement.

6. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

As at year end Specsavers International Healthcare Limited was the ultimate parent company of Durham Specsavers Limited. Mr and Mrs Perkins have the controlling interest in the ordinary share capital of Specsavers International Healthcare Limited, the ultimate parent company. Specsavers International Healthcare Limited is a Guernsey registered company and its accounts are not available to the public.

Specsavers International Healthcare Limited is also the smallest and largest group of undertakings of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up.

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7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company has conducted the following transactions with its ultimate parent company, Specsavers International Healthcare Limited and its subsidiaries, including Specsavers Optical Group Limited, its director. Specsavers Optical Group Limited is wholly owned by Specsavers International Healthcare Limited.

Sales £8,792 (2015: £8,091), Purchases of Goods £369,613 (2015: £356,936), Overhead Costs £370,592 (2015: £348,604), Other Income £10,151 (2015: £8,556) and Purchases of Fixed Assets £42,592 (2015: £2,124).

The balance due to the Group Treasury Company as at 31 March 2016 is £50,056 (2015: £103,704 due from). This is held with Specsavers Finance (Guernsey) Limited, a fellow subsidiary of Specsavers International Healthcare Limited. Specsavers Finance (Guernsey) Limited is incorporated in Guernsey and provides treasury services to the company and other Specsavers Group companies.

Group Treasury overdraft balances bear interest at the rate of 0.1%.

8. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The company regularly pays dividends on its Ordinary shares to its shareholders. The financial statements do not reflect dividends paid after the year ended 31 March 2016, which will be accounted for in the shareholders' equity as an appropriation of retained earnings in the year ended 31 March 2017. The company has controls in place to ensure that there are sufficient retained earnings to cover dividend payments based on the latest available management information at the dividend declaration date, so that the company remains in a net asset position.
The cost of disclosing and repeatedly updating the quantum of these dividends, right up to the date of signing the financial statements is therefore considered to exceed any benefit to the users thereof.