

Company No: 3037726

FAIRHOLD (HUDDERSFIELD) LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

MONDAY



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COMPANIES HOUSE

DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

DIRECTORS

W K Procter
C C McGill

SECRETARY

P A Hallam

REGISTERED OFFICE

Molteno House
302 Regents Park Road
London
N3 2JX

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors submit their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was property dealing

Review of the business and future developments

The directors are satisfied with the financial position of the company at the year end subject to the matters discussed in the accounting policies on page 6 which may have an impact on the company's ability to continue as a going concern

Properties held for resale

The properties held for resale as stock and included in the financial statements at a cost of £3,216,097 (2011 £3,275,867) were valued on an actuarial basis by a leading firm of financial and actuarial consultants at £6,200,000 as at 31 December 2012. The directors consider that the value of the properties at the balance sheet date is not materially different from that value

Results and dividends

The profit for the year amounted to £364,694 (2011 £400,730). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

Directors and their interests

The directors who have held office since 1 January 2012 were

W K Procter
C C McGill

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

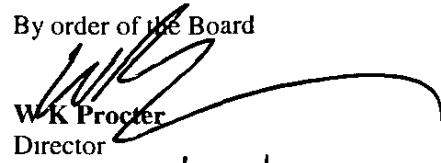
- a select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- b make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- c prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

DIRECTORS' REPORT (Continued)

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption

By order of the Board



W K Procter
Director

30 | 09 | 2013

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

	Notes	2012 £	2011 £
Turnover		342,040	382,809
Cost of sales		(59,770)	(60,289)
Gross profit		<u>282,270</u>	<u>322,520</u>
Administrative expenses		(326,246)	(319,121)
Other operating income	1	494,921	490,891
Operating profit		<u>450,945</u>	<u>494,290</u>
Interest payable and similar charges	2	(86,251)	(93,560)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	<u>364,694</u>	<u>400,730</u>
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	-	-
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation	12	<u>£ 364,694</u>	<u>£ 400,730</u>

The operating profit for the year arises from the company's continuing operations

No separate Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses has been presented as all such gains and losses have been dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account

BALANCE SHEET (Company Registration Number: 3037726)

AT 31 DECEMBER 2012

	Notes	2012	2011
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Investments	6	648,214	648,214
Current assets			
Stock	7	3,216,097	3,275,867
Debtors	8	231,710	216,823
		<u>3,447,807</u>	<u>3,492,690</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(23,540)	-
Net current assets		<u>3,424,267</u>	<u>3,492,690</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		4,072,481	4,140,904
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(1,490,028)	(1,923,145)
Net assets		<u>£ 2,582,453</u>	<u>£ 2,217,759</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11	2	2
Profit and loss account	12	2,582,951	2,217,757
Shareholders' funds	12	<u>£ 2,582,453</u>	<u>£ 2,217,759</u>

For the year ending 31 December 2012 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to subsidiary companies

Directors' responsibilities

- the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476
- the directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts"
- The financial statements on pages 4 to 10 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30 / 09 / 2013 and are signed on its behalf by



W K Procter
Director

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012**ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements

Basis of accounting

The accounts present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company has not prepared consolidated accounts as the company is itself a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of a United Kingdom company preparing group accounts.

Going concern

The company is party to a group cross collateralised funding structure. The directors have assessed the operation of the structure and, despite the company's net current liabilities, have determined that the company has, or can expect to have, subject to the further matters set out hereafter, sufficient working capital for its needs for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. In view of this the directors consider it appropriate for the financial statements to be prepared on a going concern basis.

The group's cross collateralised bank loan totalling £105,740,262 (2011 £106,740,262) was due for repayment in January 2013. Repayment of the loan was not made at that date and in the absence of an extension, the loan fell into repayment default and a special servicer was appointed. The special servicer's role is to manage the loan on behalf of the senior secured creditors and take the actions it deems necessary to optimise recovery of the unpaid loan balance for those creditors. In addition, the loan has a fixed rate of interest and the company is liable for the break costs of the interest rate swap that is part of the financing structure. In the event of a break an adverse Mark to Market value would be added to the company's liabilities and would become immediately repayable. The value of the swap at 31 December 2012 was valued by the directors at approximately £29.5 million (2011 £27.8m). The senior lender has subsequently syndicated the loan to two parties. The notes of the precedent loan note holder are not due for repayment until April 2018 and rank senior to the minority loan note holder for debt repayment. A second lender has provided subordinated financing (£20,000,000) to the group that cannot be called for repayment ahead of the senior loan.

The company's advisors have established a positive working relationship with the Special Servicer who has indicated that the ultimate controlling party is best placed to manage initiatives to raise capital to enable repayment of the loans and interest rate swap, should this swap be subject to a break. The directors consider that the Special Servicer will continue to be supportive of the group's efforts to generate sufficient funds to meet the repayment terms and recognises that this will not be in the short to medium term.

Accordingly the directors' opinion is that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the group's loan facilities will not be withdrawn and that the Special Servicer continues to be supportive.

In the event that such support was to be withdrawn the principal direct and indirect effects of a demand for immediate repayment of the group's borrowings are that

1. the cross collateralised borrowings, as set out in note 13, totalling £105,740,262 (2011 £106,740,262) at the year end, become immediately repayable and further costs could arise in respect of the interest rate arrangements that fix the interest rates on those loans, the level of which would depend on the market rates of interest prevailing at the time of such a termination but at the year end the costs were £29.5m (2011 £27.8m),

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012**ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)**

Going concern (Continued)

11 if not repaid when due, the senior lender to the company's United Kingdom holding company could exercise its share pledges over that holding company and its group companies and take control or could exercise its security direct over the company's properties. The senior lender may seek to sell the holding company, individual companies or dispose of assets separately or together and at a time of its own choosing. This process may not represent an orderly realisation in the normal course of business so the company's properties held for resale as stock could be realised at values less than their carrying value in the financial statements and would, probably, only be realised at values significantly less than the actuarial valuation stated in the directors' report on page 2.

Investments

Investments in subsidiary undertakings are stated at cost less provision for impairment.

Stocks

Properties acquired with a view to resale are identified as trading stock and stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises the cost of acquisition including directly attributable fees and expenses, excluding finance costs which are written off to the profit and loss account.

Turnover and recognition of profit

Turnover comprises the sale proceeds of trading stocks.

Profit on the sale of properties is recognised on agreement of the sale.

Rent receivable

Rental income is recognised in accordance with the terms of the lease.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

No provision is made for deferred tax on unrealised gains recognised on revaluing property to its market value.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. An asset is not recognised to the extent that the transfer of economic benefits in future is uncertain. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the small company exemption from preparing a cash flow statement under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 1.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

1 Other operating income	2012	2011
	£	£
Rent receivable	251,044	265,649
Other income	243,877	225,242
	<u>£ 474,041</u>	<u>£ 490,891</u>
2 Interest payable and similar charges	2012	2011
	£	£
Interest on United Kingdom holding company loan	36,879	44,188
United Kingdom holding company finance charges	49,372	49,372
	<u>£ 86,251</u>	<u>£ 93,560</u>
3 Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2012	2011
	£	£
The profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging		
Auditor's remuneration	<u>£ -</u>	<u>£ 4,000</u>
4 Employees and directors		
There were no employees during the year other than the directors, who received no remuneration for their services		
5 Taxation	2012	2011
	£	£
Current tax		
UK corporation tax on profits of the year	-	-
Total current tax	<u>£ -</u>	<u>£ -</u>
Factors affecting tax charge for the year		
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>£ 364,694</u>	<u>£ 400,730</u>
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate of Corporation tax in the UK of 24% (2011 26%)	87,527	104,190
Effects of		
Non-deductible expenses	-	-
Group relief received without charge	(87,527)	(104,190)
Current tax charge for the year	<u>£ -</u>	<u>£ -</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

6 Fixed asset investments	Subsidiary undertakings £
Cost	
At 1 January 2012 and 31 December 2012	£ 648,214

The company's wholly-owned subsidiary undertakings are West Lancashire Investments Limited and Fairhold (Midlands) Limited. Both companies are registered and have their place of business in, England and Wales, and are engaged in property dealing and property investment respectively.

7 Stocks	2012 £	2011 £
Properties held for resale	£ 3,216,097	£ 3,275,867
8 Debtors	2012 £	2011 £
Trade debtors	169,952	153,660
Prepayments and accrued income	61,758	63,163
	£ 231,710	£ 216,823
9 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2012 £	2011 £
Accruals and deferred income	£ 23,540	£ -
10 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2012 £	2011 £
United Kingdom holding company	£ 1,506,732	£ 1,923,145

There are no fixed terms of repayment of the holding company loan. Interest is charged at Libor+1%.

The amount due, subject to note 13, is unsecured and has no specific repayment date. Despite the loan being repayable on demand it is not the intention for the loan to be repaid within one year and it has therefore been treated as due after more than one year.

11 Share capital	2012 £	2011 £
Allotted, issued and fully paid		
2 ordinary shares of £1 each	£ 2	£ 2

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

12 Reserves and reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	Share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total shareholders' funds £
Opening shareholders' funds	2	2,217,757	2,217,759
Profit for the financial year	-	364,694	364,194
Closing shareholders' funds	2	2,582,451	£ 2,582,453

13 Contingent liability

The company has given an unlimited guarantee in respect of some of the indebtedness of its holding company Fairhold Holdings Limited and of the related parties Fairhold Holdings (2001) Limited, Linecroft Limited and Fairhold Holdings (2003) Limited. These parties are related as they are subject to common control and/or common directorship. The guarantee is supported by a debenture and a charge over the company's investment properties. At 31 December 2012 the total amount outstanding subject to the guarantee was £105,740,262 (2011 £106,740,262).

The group, of which Fairhold (Huddersfield) Limited is a member, is liable for the break costs of the interest rate swap that is part of the financing structure. In the event of a break an adverse Mark to Market value would be added to the group's liabilities and would become immediately repayable. The value of the swap at 31 December 2012 was valued by the directors at approximately £29.5 million (2011 £27.8m).

The company is included in a group registration for VAT purposes and is therefore jointly and severally liable for all other participating group undertakings' unpaid debts in this connection.

14 Immediate and United Kingdom holding company

The immediate parent company is Owners Provident Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The company's United Kingdom and closest holding company for which group accounts are drawn up is Fairhold Holdings Limited, which is registered in England and Wales. This undertaking is the holding company of both the largest and smallest group for which group accounts are prepared and of which the company is a member. Copies of the financial statements are available from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

15 Ultimate holding company

The directors regard the ultimate holding company to be Euro Investments Overseas Incorporated, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

16 Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is the Tchenguiz Family Trust.

17 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemptions provided by Financial Reporting Standard Number 8 'Related Party Disclosures' and has not disclosed transactions entered into between two or more members of a group, provided that any subsidiary undertaking which is party to the transaction is wholly owned by a member of that group.

During the year the company incurred a management charge of £314,191 (2011 £307,613) from Estates & Management Limited, a related party by virtue of common control and common directors.