

Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements

All of the members of Burnet Ware & Graves Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of income and retained earnings and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 2498513

Burnet Ware & Graves Limited

Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

31 March 2017

Burnet Ware & Graves Limited

Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2017

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Burnet Ware & Graves Limited
Abridged Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	7,307	13,648
Current assets			
Debtors		180,831	140,624
Cash at bank and in hand		6,224	57,643
		-----	-----
		187,055	198,267
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		91,903	100,541
		-----	-----
Net current assets		95,152	97,726
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		102,459	111,374
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		70,799	82,817
		-----	-----
Net assets		31,660	28,557
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Burnet Ware & Graves Limited

Abridged Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		14,000	14,000
Other reserves		28,000	28,000
Profit and loss account		(10,340)	(13,443)
Members funds		31,660	28,557

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 August 2017 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

M.J Graves

Director

Company registration number: 2498513

Burnet Ware & Graves Limited

Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2017

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 13 Half Moon Lane, Herne Hill, London, SE24 9JU.

2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 8.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 20% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and Machinery	-	20% straight line
Fixtures & Fittings	-	20% straight line
Motor Vehicles	-	25% straight line
Equipment	-	20% straight line

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the director, amounted to 9 (2016: 9).

5. Intangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	13,050

Amortisation	
At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	13,050

Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	—

6. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2016	405,025
Additions	305
Disposals	(24,243)

At 31 March 2017	381,087

Depreciation	
At 1 April 2016	391,377
Charge for the year	5,659
Disposals	(23,256)

At 31 March 2017	373,780

Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	7,307

At 31 March 2016	13,648

7. Related party transactions

During the year, the Company paid Rent of £24,000 (2016 - £24,000) to a company in which M.J. Graves had a controlling interest. During the year, the Company provided and received services to and from a Limited Liability Partnership, in which M.J. Graves and Mrs K.L. Graves are the Designated Members. At the year-end, the Limited Liability Partnership owed £103,355 (2016 - £14,578) to Burnet Ware & Graves Limited .

8. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first abridged financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.