

Company registration number 02286708 (England and Wales)

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

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D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

		2023	2022
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3	450,966	562,713
Investment properties	4	3,450,000	3,280,000
Investments	5	1	1
		<u>3,900,967</u>	<u>3,842,714</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		3,000	3,000
Debtors	6	468,412	583,992
Investments	7	1,479	1,385
Cash at bank and in hand		230,984	153,343
		<u>703,875</u>	<u>741,720</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(619,526)</u>	<u>(690,725)</u>
Net current assets		<u>84,349</u>	<u>50,995</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>3,985,316</u>	<u>3,893,709</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(86,522)	(255,625)
Provisions for liabilities		<u>(311,800)</u>	<u>(223,000)</u>
Net assets		<u><u>3,586,994</u></u>	<u><u>3,415,084</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		7,200	7,200
Fair value reserve		660,915	725,635
Profit and loss reserves		2,918,879	2,682,249
Total equity		<u><u>3,586,994</u></u>	<u><u>3,415,084</u></u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 11 August 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

A J Kelly
Director

Company Registration No. 02286708

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	Share capital	Fair value reserve	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 April 2021	7,200	725,635	2,794,228	3,527,063
Year ended 31 March 2022:				
Profit and total comprehensive income	-	-	174,152	174,152
Dividends	-	-	(286,131)	(286,131)
Balance at 31 March 2022	7,200	725,635	2,682,249	3,415,084
Year ended 31 March 2023:				
Profit	-	-	171,910	171,910
Other comprehensive income:				
Transfer of revaluation gain	-	159,280	(159,280)	-
Tax relating to other comprehensive income	-	(224,000)	224,000	-
Total comprehensive income	-	(64,720)	236,630	171,910
Balance at 31 March 2023	7,200	660,915	2,918,879	3,586,994

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

Company information

D.P. Kelly (Holdings) Limited is a private company, limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Nether Handley, Sheffield, S21 5RP.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Buildings	1% straight line
Plant and machinery	10% - 20% straight line
Computer equipment	33% straight line
Motor vehicles	20% straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any).

1.7 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans and loans from fellow group companies are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

1.10 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible.

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.12 Employee benefits

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.14 Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessees. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised as assets at the lower of the assets fair value at the date of inception and the present value of the minimum lease payments. The related liability is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements. The interest is charged to profit or loss so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

1.15 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.16 Current asset investments

Current asset investments are stated at their market value. Movements in this fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

The movements recognised in the profit and loss then sit in the reserves as distributable reserves until the shares are sold.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2023 Number	2022 Number
Total	15	17
	==	==

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 April 2022	180,021	1,267,179	1,447,200
Additions	-	32,573	32,573
Disposals	-	(86,507)	(86,507)
At 31 March 2023	180,021	1,213,245	1,393,266
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 April 2022	127,063	757,424	884,487
Depreciation charged in the year	671	143,556	144,227
Eliminated in respect of disposals	-	(86,414)	(86,414)
At 31 March 2023	127,734	814,566	942,300
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2023	52,287	398,679	450,966
At 31 March 2022	52,958	509,755	562,713

4 Investment property

	2023 £
Fair value	
At 1 April 2022	3,280,000
Revaluations	170,000
At 31 March 2023	3,450,000

A professional valuation on one of the investment properties was carried out in March 2023 with a £170,000 revaluation gain reflected in the financial statements. The fair value of the remaining investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a professional valuation carried out 28 March 2017. The directors are of the opinion that there has been no material change to the value of these properties since this valuation.

5 Fixed asset investments

	2023 £	2022 £
Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	1	1

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

6 Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	389,577	418,884
Corporation tax recoverable	-	16,035
Other debtors	12,911	-
Prepayments and accrued income	27,130	4,003
	<u>429,618</u>	<u>438,922</u>
	2023	2022
	£	£
Amounts falling due after more than one year:		
Other debtors	38,794	145,070
	<u>38,794</u>	<u>145,070</u>
Total debtors	<u>468,412</u>	<u>583,992</u>

7 Current asset investments

	2023	2022
	£	£
Listed investments	1,479	1,385
	<u>1,479</u>	<u>1,385</u>

Movements in fair value of the listed investments have been recognised in profit or loss. The movements in value from their original cost of £3,173 sit within the reserves as undistributable reserves until the shares are sold.

8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans	116,562	188,073
Trade creditors	212,391	117,097
Taxation and social security	121,364	127,472
Other creditors	169,209	258,083
	<u>619,526</u>	<u>690,725</u>

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £248,419 (2022: £339,153).

D.P. KELLY (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

9 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	12,182	24,518
Obligations under finance leases	74,340	231,107
	<u>86,522</u>	<u>255,625</u>

The aggregate amount of creditors for which security has been given amounted to £86,522 (2022: £255,625).

10 Operating lease commitments

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2023	2022
£	£
<u>5,355</u>	<u>6,375</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.