

COMPUTERPLAN LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31ST MAY 2000

Registered number: 02123791



UPTON WILSON & CO.

REGISTERED AUDITORS

CHARTERED CERTIFIED ACCOUNTANTS

Leighton Buzzard

COMPUTERPLAN LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31st May 2000

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COMPUTERPLAN LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

31st May 2000

REGISTERED NUMBER	02123791
DIRECTORS	Mr F M Jackson Mr R S Cutler
SECRETARY	Mr R S Cutler
REGISTERED OFFICE	Bole House Bole Retford Notts. DN22 9EH
AUDITORS	Upton Wilson & Co. Registered Auditors Chartered Certified Accountants 12 Rylands Mews Lake Street Leighton Buzzard Beds. LU7 8SP

COMPUTERPLAN LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT

31st May 2000

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31st May 2000.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company The company remained dormant throughout

Directors

The directors of the company during the year and their interests in the shares of the company as recorded in the register of directors' interests were as follows:

	31st May 2000 Ordinary shares	1st June 1999 Ordinary shares
Mr F M Jackson	17,055	17,055
Mr R S Cutler	12,055	12,055

Auditors

Upton Wilson & Co. have agreed to offer themselves for re-appointment as auditors of the company.

Small company exemptions

This report is prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the board



Mr R S Cutler
Secretary

Bole House
Bole
Retford
Notts. DN22 9EH

13th October 2000

COMPUTERPLAN LIMITED

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board



Mr F M Jackson
Chairman

13th October 2000

COMPUTERPLAN LIMITED

AUDITORS' REPORT

Auditors' report to the members of

Computerplan Limited

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 7 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

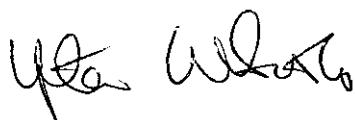
Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

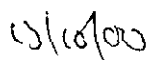
We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error or other irregularity. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31st May 2000 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.



Upton Wilson & Co.
Registered Auditors
Chartered Certified Accountants
12 Rylands Mews
Lake Street
Leighton Buzzard
Beds. LU7 8SP



Date

COMPUTERPLAN LIMITED

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31st May 2000

	Note	2000 £	1999 £
Net operating expenses			
Profit on ordinary activities			
Taxation		-	-
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		-	-
retained for the year	5		

Movements in reserves are shown in the notes to the financial statements.

COMPUTERPLAN LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

at 31st May 2000

	Note	£	2000	£	1999	£
Current assets						
Debtors	2	31,545		31,545		
		<u>31,545</u>		<u>31,545</u>		
Net current assets			31,545			31,545
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>31,545</u>			<u>31,545</u>
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	3	21,776		21,776		
Share premium account	4	3,552		3,552		
Profit and loss account	5	6,217		6,217		
Total shareholders' funds			<u>31,545</u>			<u>31,545</u>

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 2000).

The financial statements on pages 5 to 7 were approved by the board of directors on 13th October 2000 and signed on its behalf by:



Mr F M Jackson
Chairman

COMPUTERPLAN LIMITED

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31st May 2000

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost accounting rules.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement conferred by Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 on the grounds that it qualifies as a small company under the Companies Act 1985.

2 Debtors

	2000	1999
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	31,545	31,545
	<u>31,545</u>	<u>31,545</u>

3 Called up share capital

	2000		1999	
	Number of shares	£	Number of shares	£
Authorised				
Ordinary shares of £1	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>
Allotted, called up and fully paid				
Ordinary shares of £1	<u>21,776</u>	<u>21,776</u>	<u>21,776</u>	<u>21,776</u>

4 Share premium account

	2000
	£
1st June 1999 and 31st May 2000	<u>3,552</u>

5 Profit and loss account

	2000
	£
1st June 1999	<u>6,217</u>

6 Ultimate parent undertaking

The company's ultimate parent undertaking at the balance sheet date was Matrix Logic Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom.