

Company Registration No. 02001521 (England and Wales)

**CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED**  
**ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**  
**PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR**



# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## COMPANY INFORMATION

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|                          |                                                                                                                |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Director</b>          | Mr A Arnoux                                                                                                    |
| <b>Secretary</b>         | Mr W D Smith                                                                                                   |
| <b>Company number</b>    | 02001521                                                                                                       |
| <b>Registered office</b> | Grenville Court<br>Britwell Road<br>Burnham<br>Buckinghamshire<br>SL1 8DF                                      |
| <b>Auditor</b>           | Eacotts International Limited<br>Grenville Court<br>Britwell Road<br>Burnham<br>Buckinghamshire<br>SL1 8DF     |
| <b>Business address</b>  | Unit 1 - Nelson Court<br>Flagship Square<br>Shaw Cross Business Park<br>Dewsbury<br>West Yorkshire<br>WF12 7TH |

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# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## CONTENTS

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|                                   | Page  |
|-----------------------------------|-------|
| Director's report                 | 1     |
| Balance sheet                     | 2     |
| Notes to the financial statements | 3 - 9 |

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# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## DIRECTOR'S REPORT

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016**

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The director presents his annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year was that of the sale and marketing of electronic testing equipment.

### Director

The director who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements was as follows:

Mr A Arnoux

### Results and dividends

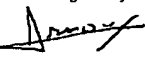
The results for the year are set out on .

### Statement of disclosure to auditor

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware. Additionally, the directors individually have taken all the necessary steps that they ought to have taken as directors in order to make themselves aware of all relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

DocuSigned by:  
  
.....174A659399584F8.....

Mr A Arnoux  
Director

28 mai 2017  
.....

# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## BALANCE SHEET

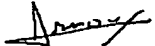
AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2016

|                                                       | Notes | 2016<br>£       | £                     | 2015<br>£        | £                     |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                   |       |                 |                       |                  |                       |
| Tangible assets                                       | 3     |                 | 19,775                |                  | 45,504                |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                 |       |                 |                       |                  |                       |
| Stocks                                                |       | 54,341          |                       | 38,366           |                       |
| Debtors                                               | 4     | 117,737         |                       | 131,635          |                       |
| Cash at bank and in hand                              |       | 219,612         |                       | 305,508          |                       |
|                                                       |       | <u>391,690</u>  |                       | <u>475,509</u>   |                       |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> | 5     | <u>(69,894)</u> |                       | <u>(107,815)</u> |                       |
| <b>Net current assets</b>                             |       |                 | 321,796               |                  | 367,694               |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>          |       |                 | <u>341,571</u>        |                  | <u>413,198</u>        |
| <b>Provisions for liabilities</b>                     |       |                 | -                     |                  | (514)                 |
| <b>Net assets</b>                                     |       |                 | <u><u>341,571</u></u> |                  | <u><u>412,684</u></u> |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                           |       |                 |                       |                  |                       |
| Called up share capital                               | 6     | 45,000          |                       | 45,000           |                       |
| Profit and loss reserves                              |       | 296,571         |                       | 367,684          |                       |
| <b>Total equity</b>                                   |       |                 | <u><u>341,571</u></u> |                  | <u><u>412,684</u></u> |

The director of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 28 mai 2017

DocuSigned by:  
  
 174A659399584F8...

Mr A Arnoux  
 Director

Company Registration No. 02001521

# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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### 1 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Chauvin Arnoux UK Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Grenville Court, Britwell Road, Burnham, Buckinghamshire, SL1 8DF.

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

#### 1.2 Going concern

The director has at the time of approving the financial statements a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus he continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

The director also confirms continuous support from parent company, Chauvin Arnoux SAS.

#### 1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### 1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

|                                |                   |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Fixtures, fittings & equipment | 20% straight line |
| Motor vehicles                 | 25% straight line |

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 1.5 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recognised impairment losses are reversed if, and only if, the reasons for the impairment loss have ceased to apply. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### 1.6 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

#### 1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### ***Fair value measurement of financial instruments***

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Under FRS102 section 1A the company is not required to prepare a cash flow statement being wholly owned subsidiary of Chauvin Arnoux SAS. Chauvin Arnoux SAS prepares consolidated financial statements copies of which can be obtained from 190 championnet 75876 Paris Cedex 18 France.

# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Trade debtors, loans and other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Loans and receivables are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

Interest is recognised by applying the effective interest rate, except for short-term receivables when the recognition of interest would be immaterial. The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating the interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the debt instrument to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

#### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

### 1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

### 1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

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### 1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### *Deferred tax*

Deferred tax is provided in full in respect of taxation deferred by timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. The deferred tax balance has not been discounted.

#### 1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

#### 1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### 1.13 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to income on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the lease asset are consumed.

#### 1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation are included in the profit and loss account for the period.

### 2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 7 (2015 - 7).

# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 3 Tangible fixed assets

|                                    | Plant and machinery etc<br>£ |
|------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>Cost</b>                        |                              |
| At 1 January 2016                  | 150,061                      |
| Additions                          | 815                          |
|                                    | <u>150,876</u>               |
| At 31 December 2016                |                              |
| <b>Depreciation and impairment</b> |                              |
| At 1 January 2016                  | 104,557                      |
| Depreciation charged in the year   | 26,544                       |
|                                    | <u>131,101</u>               |
| At 31 December 2016                |                              |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>             |                              |
| At 31 December 2016                | 19,775                       |
|                                    | <u><u>45,504</u></u>         |
| At 31 December 2015                |                              |

### 4 Debtors

|                                                      | 2016<br>£             | 2015<br>£             |
|------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Amounts falling due within one year:</b>          |                       |                       |
| Trade debtors                                        | 59,739                | 84,301                |
| Other debtors                                        | 48,913                | 47,334                |
|                                                      | <u>108,652</u>        | <u>131,635</u>        |
| <b>Amounts falling due after more than one year:</b> |                       |                       |
| Deferred tax asset                                   | 9,085                 | -                     |
|                                                      | <u>117,737</u>        | <u>131,635</u>        |
| <b>Total debtors</b>                                 |                       |                       |
|                                                      | <u><u>117,737</u></u> | <u><u>131,635</u></u> |

Trade debtors disclosed above are measured at amortised cost.

# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016

### 5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

|                                    | 2016<br>£     | 2015<br>£      |
|------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|
| Trade creditors                    | 12,896        | 16,371         |
| Amounts due to group undertakings  | 13,160        | 42,457         |
| Corporation tax                    | -             | 39             |
| Other taxation and social security | 16,402        | 23,618         |
| Other creditors                    | 27,436        | 25,330         |
|                                    | <u>69,894</u> | <u>107,815</u> |

### 6 Called up share capital

|                                                         | 2016<br>£     | 2015<br>£     |
|---------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b>Ordinary share capital<br/>Issued and fully paid</b> |               |               |
| 45,000 Ordinary of £1 each                              | <u>45,000</u> | <u>45,000</u> |

### 7 Audit report information

As the income statement has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.  
The senior statutory auditor was Mr Jeffrey Smith FCA.  
The auditor was Eacotts International Limited.

### 8 Operating lease commitments

#### Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

|  | 2016<br>£     | 2015<br>£     |
|--|---------------|---------------|
|  | <u>72,057</u> | <u>59,420</u> |

### 9 Related party transactions

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

|                                                                                | 2016<br>£     | 2015<br>£     |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| <b>Amounts owed to related parties</b>                                         |               |               |
| Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the company | <u>13,160</u> | <u>42,457</u> |
|                                                                                | <u>13,160</u> | <u>42,457</u> |

# CHAUVIN ARNOUX UK LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

*FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2016*

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### 9 Related party transactions

(Continued)

### 10 Parent company

The ultimate parent company is Chauvin Arnoux SAS, a company registered in France.

Copies of the financial statements for the group are available on request at 190, rue Championnet, 75876 Paris Cedex 18, Paris, France.