

**STEPHEN TYLER LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2021**

Stephen Tyler Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 June 2021

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Stephen Tyler Limited
Balance Sheet
As at 30 June 2021

Registered number: 01840310

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		46,654		41,629
			46,654		41,629
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	4	890,238		888,470	
Debtors	5	708,165		514,281	
Short-term deposits	6	3,025		7,025	
Cash at bank and in hand		766,099		224,620	
		2,367,527		1,634,396	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(1,037,215)		(567,035)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			1,330,312		1,067,361
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			1,376,966		1,108,990
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8		(39,664)		(50,000)
NET ASSETS			1,337,302		1,058,990
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			1,337,202		1,058,890
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,337,302		1,058,990

Stephen Tyler Limited
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 30 June 2021

For the year ending 30 June 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Stephen Tyler

Director

28/02/2022

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold	10% a year on a straight line basis
Plant & Machinery	20% on a reducing balance method
Fixtures & Fittings	20% on a reducing balance method
Computer Equipment	25% on a reducing balance method

1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.5. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Stephen Tyler Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 June 2021

1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.7. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 13 (2020: 14)

Stephen Tyler Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 June 2021

3. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
As at 1 July 2020	39,945	17,152	57,097
Additions	13,994	572	14,566
As at 30 June 2021	<u>53,939</u>	<u>17,724</u>	<u>71,663</u>
Depreciation			
As at 1 July 2020	10,613	4,855	15,468
Provided during the period	9,455	86	9,541
As at 30 June 2021	<u>20,068</u>	<u>4,941</u>	<u>25,009</u>
Net Book Value			
As at 30 June 2021	<u>33,871</u>	<u>12,783</u>	<u>46,654</u>
As at 1 July 2020	<u>29,332</u>	<u>12,297</u>	<u>41,629</u>

4. Stocks

	2021	2020
	£	£
Stock - materials and work in progress	890,238	888,470
	<u>890,238</u>	<u>888,470</u>

5. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	490,203	367,224
Prepayments and accrued income	217,962	147,057
	<u>708,165</u>	<u>514,281</u>

6. Current Asset Investments

	2021	2020
	£	£
Short term deposits	3,025	7,025
	<u>3,025</u>	<u>7,025</u>

Stephen Tyler Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 June 2021

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade creditors	569,340	301,708
Bank loans and overdrafts	90,830	44,517
Corporation tax	97,057	70,641
Other taxes and social security	6,694	10,441
VAT	180,185	135,118
Other creditors	3,483	1,631
Bounce back loan	9,555	-
Pension contributions payable	1,179	884
Customer control account	(6,375)	1,245
Accruals and deferred income	77,561	350
Directors' loan accounts	7,706	500
	<u>1,037,215</u>	<u>567,035</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bounceback loan	<u>39,664</u>	<u>50,000</u>
	<u>39,664</u>	<u>50,000</u>

9. Share Capital

	2021	2020
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>100</u>	<u>100</u>

10. General Information

Stephen Tyler Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 01840310 .
The registered office is 2nd Floor 113 Farringdon Road, London, EC1R 3BX.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.