

REGISTERED NUMBER: 01697708 (England and Wales)

Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 28 February 2021
for
GK General Engineering Limited

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for the Year Ended 28 February 2021**

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GK General Engineering Limited

**Company Information
for the Year Ended 28 February 2021**

DIRECTOR:	Miss J Clowes
SECRETARY:	Miss J Clowes
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Blenheim Road Airfield Industrial Estate Ashbourne Derbyshire DE6 1HA
REGISTERED NUMBER:	01697708 (England and Wales)
ACCOUNTANTS:	Mabe Allen LLP Chartered Accountants 50 Osmaston Road Derby DE1 2HU
BANKERS:	National Westminster Bank Plc 58 St Peter's Street Derby Derbyshire DE1 1XL

GK General Engineering Limited (Registered number: 01697708)**Balance Sheet
28 February 2021**

	Notes	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	5		414,794		419,336
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	6	10,000		10,000	
Debtors	7	108,172		140,937	
Cash at bank		<u>595,387</u>		<u>510,045</u>	
		713,559		660,982	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>181,047</u>		<u>206,010</u>	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u>532,512</u>		<u>454,972</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			947,306		874,308
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			<u>36,168</u>		<u>36,970</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>911,138</u>		<u>837,338</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Revaluation reserve	9		307,676		307,676
Retained earnings			<u>603,362</u>		<u>529,562</u>
			<u>911,138</u>		<u>837,338</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 28 February 2021.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2021 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet - continued
28 February 2021

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 28 September 2021 and were signed by:

Miss J Clowes - Director

**Notes to the Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 28 February 2021**

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

GK General Engineering Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statement requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the year. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements:-

Revaluation of land and buildings

The company carries its land and buildings at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in comprehensive income. The current valuation used the most recent valuation report prepared by independent valuation specialists to determine fair value at 28 February 2019. The valuer used a valuation technique which took account of the estimate of fair maintainable turnover and the marketability of the property. The determined fair value of the property is most sensitive to the estimated yield as well as the long term vacancy rate.

Coronavirus

The impact of the coronavirus pandemic will cause disruption to and create uncertainty around the business, not least with regard to its working capital and the ability of its customers to pay now and into the future and whether it needs to impair its assets. Any disruption or uncertainty could have an adverse effect on the business, financial results and operations.

The full impact of the coronavirus is still to be determined and the director continues to assess and monitor the potential risks and impacts on GK General Engineering Limited's customers and major stakeholders, whilst taking appropriate mitigation measures to address challenges including logistics, staff and supply.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 28 February 2021**

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Freehold property	- not provided
Plant and machinery	- 15% on reducing balance
Fixtures & fittings, office equipment	- 33% on cost and 10% on reducing balance
Motor vehicles	- 25% on cost

The Director considers it inappropriate to provide depreciation on freehold land and buildings as it is their practice to maintain the properties in a continual state of sound repair such that their useful lives are so long and residual values so high that depreciation is felt to be insignificant. The financial statements comply with accounting standards and applicable legislation, subject to this departure which management has concluded is required to ensure the financial statements present a true and fair view.

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairments losses.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

Government grants

Income from government grants, whether capital grants or revenue grants, is recognised when the company has entitlement to the funds, any performance conditions attached to the grants have been met, it is probable that the income will be received and the amount can be measured reliably.

Where entitlements occur before the income is received, the income is accrued. Where income is received in advance of the company having entitlement to the funds, the income is deferred.

The government grant income received and for which there are no unfulfilled conditions relates to amongst others the government's Job Retention Scheme which has been introduced as part of its response to the coronavirus pandemic.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Debtors and creditors receivable/payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in administrative expenses.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 28 February 2021**

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Tangible fixed assets acquired under finance leases or hire purchase contracts are capitalised and depreciated in the same manner as other tangible fixed assets. The related obligations, net of future finance charges, are included in creditors. Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the Profit and Loss Account on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts.

Impairment

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or the asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to the carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has an obligation at the balance sheet date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the outflow of economic benefits will be required in settlement and the amount can be reliably estimated.

4. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 6 (2020 - 6) .

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 28 February 2021**

5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Freehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures & fittings, office equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Totals £
COST OR VALUATION					
At 1 March 2020	400,000	81,733	14,572	70,861	567,166
Additions	-	5,360	128	-	5,488
Disposals	-	-	(3,065)	-	(3,065)
At 28 February 2021	<u>400,000</u>	<u>87,093</u>	<u>11,635</u>	<u>70,861</u>	<u>569,589</u>
DEPRECIATION					
At 1 March 2020	-	75,857	13,731	58,242	147,830
Charge for year	-	1,685	350	7,961	9,996
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	(3,031)	-	(3,031)
At 28 February 2021	<u>-</u>	<u>77,542</u>	<u>11,050</u>	<u>66,203</u>	<u>154,795</u>
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 28 February 2021	<u>400,000</u>	<u>9,551</u>	<u>585</u>	<u>4,658</u>	<u>414,794</u>
At 29 February 2020	<u>400,000</u>	<u>5,876</u>	<u>841</u>	<u>12,619</u>	<u>419,336</u>

The director has not provided depreciation on the freehold property in the current year which is a departure from the requirements of the Financial Reporting Standard 102. Given the continued current use of the property and its position on an industrial estate the director believes this isolated instance of non-adherence to the provisions of the Financial Reporting Standard 102 does not impact on the true and fair view of the financial statements.

6. STOCKS

	2021 £	2020 £
Stocks	<u>10,000</u>	<u>10,000</u>

7. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	99,974	131,730
Prepayments	<u>8,198</u>	<u>9,207</u>
	<u>108,172</u>	<u>140,937</u>

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued
for the Year Ended 28 February 2021**

8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021	2020
	£	£
Payments on account	1,090	1,090
Trade creditors	14,081	44,339
Corporation tax	20,518	13,106
Social security and other taxes	21,829	27,586
Other creditors	1,290	1,450
Directors' current accounts	115,839	112,203
Accruals	6,400	6,236
	<u>181,047</u>	<u>206,010</u>

9. RESERVES

	Revaluation reserve £
At 1 March 2020 and 28 February 2021	<u>307,676</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.