

Company registration number 00856474 (England and Wales)

SANDWOOD SECURITIES LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

SANDWOOD SECURITIES LIMITED

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SANDWOOD SECURITIES LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2026

	Notes	2026 £	£	2025 £	£
Fixed assets					
Investment properties	5		5,041,000		5,396,000
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		255,257		172,162	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(272,553)		(290,276)	
Net current liabilities			(17,296)		(118,114)
Total assets less current liabilities			5,023,704		5,277,886
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		-		(10,000)
Provisions for liabilities	8		(164,961)		(192,871)
Net assets			4,858,743		5,075,015
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		30,517		30,517
Capital redemption reserve			2,676		2,676
Non-distributable profits reserve	10		1,781,928		1,889,813
Distributable profit and loss reserves			3,043,622		3,152,009
Total equity			4,858,743		5,075,015

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2026 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

SANDWOOD SECURITIES LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2026

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 August 2026 and are signed on its behalf by:

Ms C B Willoughby
Director

Company Registration No. 00856474

SANDWOOD SECURITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Sandwood Securities Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 15 Foster Avenue, Beeston, Nottingham, NG9 1AE.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents rents received.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computers	33.3% on a straight line basis
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. The surplus or deficit on revaluation is recognised in profit or loss.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

SANDWOOD SECURITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

SANDWOOD SECURITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.9 Reserve correction

In previous years', the deferred tax provision has been misallocated between profit and loss reserves and the non-distributable profits by £13,868. This has been corrected in the year but has no effect on net amounts or retained profits for the year.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2026 Number	2025 Number
Total	5	5

SANDWOOD SECURITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Computers £
Cost	
At 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026	2,116
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026	2,116
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2026	-
At 31 March 2025	-

5 Investment property

	2026 £
Fair value	
At 1 April 2025	5,396,000
Disposals	(355,000)
At 31 March 2026	5,041,000

The fair value of the investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a valuation carried out on the 31 March 2026 by the directors of the company. The valuation was made on an open market value basis by reference to market evidence of transaction prices for similar properties.

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2026 £	2025 £
Bank loans	1,667	1,667
Trade creditors	-	1,018
Taxation and social security	62,573	81,325
Other creditors	208,313	206,266
	272,553	290,276

7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2026 £	2025 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	-	10,000

The bank loans outstanding at the year end were £1,667 (2025 - £11,667) and are secured against the assets of the company.

SANDWOOD SECURITIES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

8 Provisions for liabilities

	2026 £	2025 £
Deferred tax liabilities	164,961	192,871

9 Called up share capital

	2026 Number	2025 Number	2026 £	2025 £
Ordinary share capital				
Issued and fully paid				
A Ordinary shares of £1 each	15,250	15,250	15,250	15,250
B Ordinary shares of £1 each	3,817	3,817	3,817	3,817
C Ordinary shares of £1 each	3,817	3,817	3,817	3,817
D Ordinary shares of £1 each	3,817	3,817	3,817	3,817
E Ordinary shares of £1 each	3,816	3,816	3,816	3,816
	<u>30,517</u>	<u>30,517</u>	<u>30,517</u>	<u>30,517</u>

These shares rank pari passu in all aspects.

10 Non-distributable profits reserve

	2026 £	2025 £
At the beginning of the year	1,889,813	1,958,644
Non distributable profits in the year	(121,753)	(68,831)
Previous years' deferred tax reallocation	13,868	-
At the end of the year	<u>1,781,928</u>	<u>1,889,813</u>

11 Directors' transactions

At the year end the directors were owed £161,800 (2025 - £161,800). Interest of £10,838 (2025 - £11,904) was paid on these loans. The loans are repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.