

**PREPARED FOR THE REGISTRAR
STANWAY SCREENS LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2024**

Stanway Screens Limited**(Registration number: 00488564)****Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2024**

	Note	2024 £	2023 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	902,719	771,251
Investments	<u>5</u>	1,000	1,000
		<u>903,719</u>	<u>772,251</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		1,027,604	1,486,868
Debtors	<u>6</u>	1,372,956	1,268,572
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>367,841</u>	<u>340,408</u>
		2,768,401	3,095,848
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	<u>(1,033,933)</u>	<u>(1,126,699)</u>
Net current assets		<u>1,734,468</u>	<u>1,969,149</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		2,638,187	2,741,400
Deferred tax liabilities		<u>(184,833)</u>	<u>(160,885)</u>
Net assets		<u>2,453,354</u>	<u>2,580,515</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Retained earnings		<u>2,453,254</u>	<u>2,580,415</u>
Shareholders' funds		<u>2,453,354</u>	<u>2,580,515</u>

For the financial year ending 30 November 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the directors have not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 4 August 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

M Priest
Company secretary and director

The notes on pages 2 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Stanway Screens Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2024

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:
Oil Croft Orchard
Main Road
Bredon
Tewkesbury
Gloucestershire
GL20 7LX

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except for, where disclosed in these accounting policies, certain items that are shown at fair value.

The presentational currency of the financial statements is Pounds Sterling, being the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest Pound.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Stanway Screens Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2024

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Freehold land and buildings	Nil
Plant and machinery	10% reducing balance
Tools, fixtures, fittings and equipment	10% of cost, 10-20% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% reducing balance

Investments

Investments held by the company, are measured at cost less impairment where fair value cannot be measured reliably.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. All trade debtors are repayable within one year and hence are included at the undiscounted cost of cash expected to be received. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtors.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and all are repayable within one year and hence are included at the undiscounted amount of cash expected to be paid.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Stanway Screens Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2024

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Financial instruments

Classification

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability on the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expenses in the profit and loss account.

Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Impairment

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each balance sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 48 (2023 - 56).

4 Tangible assets

	Plant, machinery, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 December 2023	2,357,024	20,334	2,377,358
Additions	228,344	-	228,344
At 30 November 2024	2,585,368	20,334	2,605,702
Depreciation			
At 1 December 2023	1,588,354	17,753	1,606,107
Charge for the year	96,231	645	96,876
At 30 November 2024	1,684,585	18,398	1,702,983
Carrying amount			
At 30 November 2024	900,783	1,936	902,719
At 30 November 2023	768,670	2,581	771,251

Stanway Screens Limited

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2024

5 Investments held as fixed assets

	Unlisted investments £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 December 2023 and 30 November 2024	1,000

6 Debtors

	2024 £	2023 £
Note		
Trade debtors	1,296,825	1,180,998
Receivables from related parties	8 34,477	52,685
Prepayments	41,654	34,889
	<u>1,372,956</u>	<u>1,268,572</u>

7 Creditors

	2024 £	2023 £
Note		
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	675,290	856,020
Amounts due to related parties	8 108,238	102,168
Taxation and social security	162,995	87,438
Accruals and deferred income	70,748	73,379
Other creditors	16,662	7,694
	<u>1,033,933</u>	<u>1,126,699</u>

8 Related party transactions

Summary of transactions with other related parties

At 30 November 2024, the company was owed £13,010 (2023: £52,506) by Stanway Real Estate Limited, a related company.

At 30 November 2024, the company owed £80,179 (2023: £69,748) to S S Holdings Limited, its parent company.

At 30 November 2024, the company was owed £21,467 (2023: £179) by three company directors, and owed £28,059 (2023: £32,420) to one company director, in the form of directors' loan accounts.

No interest was charged on the above balances, and there are no fixed repayment terms.

9 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The company's immediate parent is S S Holdings Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.