

**PREPARED FOR THE REGISTRAR  
STANWAY SCREENS LIMITED  
ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2021**

**Stanway Screens Limited****(Registration number: 00488564)****Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2021**

|                                                         | <b>Note</b> | <b>2021<br/>£</b>  | <b>2020<br/>£</b>  |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                     |             |                    |                    |
| Tangible assets                                         | <u>4</u>    | 812,252            | 902,296            |
| Investments                                             | <u>5</u>    | 1,000              | 1,000              |
|                                                         |             | <u>813,252</u>     | <u>903,296</u>     |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                   |             |                    |                    |
| Stocks                                                  |             | 677,461            | 673,526            |
| Debtors                                                 | <u>6</u>    | 1,625,035          | 1,476,748          |
| Cash at bank and in hand                                |             | <u>497,076</u>     | <u>473,673</u>     |
|                                                         |             | 2,799,572          | 2,623,947          |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year          | <u>7</u>    | <u>(1,041,831)</u> | <u>(1,139,019)</u> |
| Net current assets                                      |             | <u>1,757,741</u>   | <u>1,484,928</u>   |
| Total assets less current liabilities                   |             | 2,570,993          | 2,388,224          |
| Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year | <u>7</u>    | -                  | (19,947)           |
| Deferred tax liabilities                                |             | <u>(168,252)</u>   | <u>(139,772)</u>   |
| Net assets                                              |             | <u>2,402,741</u>   | <u>2,228,505</u>   |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                             |             |                    |                    |
| Called up share capital                                 |             | 100                | 100                |
| Profit and loss account                                 |             | <u>2,402,641</u>   | <u>2,228,405</u>   |
| Total equity                                            |             | <u>2,402,741</u>   | <u>2,228,505</u>   |

For the financial year ending 30 November 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

**Directors' responsibilities:**

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 31 August 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

M Priest

Company secretary and director. The notes on pages 2 to 7 form an integral part of these financial statements.

## **Stanway Screens Limited**

### **Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2021**

#### **1 General information**

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:  
Oil Croft Orchard  
Main Road  
Bredon  
Tewkesbury  
Gloucestershire  
GL20 7LX

#### **2 Accounting policies**

##### **Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates**

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

##### **Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

##### **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except for, where disclosed in these accounting policies, certain items that are shown at fair value.

The presentational currency of the financial statements is Pounds Sterling, being the functional currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest Pound.

##### **Going concern**

After reviewing the company's current forecasts and projections, together with the facilities available to the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements. This statement is made subject to all of the potential implications of the current COVID-19 outbreak on the company's trade, employees, customers, suppliers and the wider economy, as these are difficult to evaluate.

##### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the company.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;  
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;  
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

##### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised based on the accrual model and are measured at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants relating to revenue are recognised in income over the period in which the related costs are recognised.

##### **Foreign currency transactions and balances**

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

## Stanway Screens Limited

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2021

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements and on unused tax losses or tax credits in the company. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

| Asset class                             | Depreciation method and rate         |
|-----------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Freehold land and buildings             | Nil                                  |
| Plant and machinery                     | 10% reducing balance                 |
| Tools, fixtures, fittings and equipment | 10% of cost, 10-20% reducing balance |
| Motor vehicles                          | 25% reducing balance                 |

#### Investments

Investments in equity shares which are publicly traded or where the fair value can be measured reliably are initially measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. Investments in equity shares which are not publicly traded and where fair value cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

Interest income on debt securities, where applicable, is recognised in income using the effective interest method. Dividends on equity securities are recognised in income when receivable.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. All trade debtors are repayable within one year and hence are included at the undiscounted cost of cash expected to be received. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtors.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

## **Stanway Screens Limited**

### **Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2021**

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and all are repayable within one year and hence are included at the undiscounted amount of cash expected to be paid.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### **Leases**

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### **Share capital**

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

## Stanway Screens Limited

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2021

#### Financial instruments

##### Classification

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability on the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expenses in the profit and loss account.

##### Recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was as follows:

|                             | 2021<br>No. | 2020<br>No. |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-------------|
| Average number of employees | 50          | 47          |

#### 4 Tangible assets

|                        | Plant,<br>machinery,<br>fittings and<br>equipment<br>£ | Motor vehicles<br>£ | Total<br>£ |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------|
| <b>Cost</b>            |                                                        |                     |            |
| At 1 December 2020     | 2,260,705                                              | 20,334              | 2,281,039  |
| Additions              | 13,390                                                 | -                   | 13,390     |
| Disposals              | (29,337)                                               | -                   | (29,337)   |
| At 30 November 2021    | 2,244,758                                              | 20,334              | 2,265,092  |
| <b>Depreciation</b>    |                                                        |                     |            |
| At 1 December 2020     | 1,364,526                                              | 14,217              | 1,378,743  |
| Charge for the year    | 93,137                                                 | 1,529               | 94,666     |
| Eliminated on disposal | (20,569)                                               | -                   | (20,569)   |
| At 30 November 2021    | 1,437,094                                              | 15,746              | 1,452,840  |
| <b>Carrying amount</b> |                                                        |                     |            |
| At 30 November 2021    | 807,664                                                | 4,588               | 812,252    |
| At 30 November 2020    | 896,179                                                | 6,117               | 902,296    |

# Stanway Screens Limited

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2021

### 5 Investments held as fixed assets

Unlisted  
investments  
£

#### Cost or valuation

At 30 November 2020 and at 30 November 2021 1,000

### 6 Debtors

|                                 | Note     | 2021<br>£        | 2020<br>£        |
|---------------------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|
| Trade debtors                   |          | 1,491,887        | 1,421,178        |
| Amounts owed by related parties | <u>9</u> | 81,208           | 19,605           |
| Other debtors                   |          | 1,237            | 2,385            |
| Prepayments                     |          | <u>50,703</u>    | <u>33,580</u>    |
|                                 |          | <u>1,625,035</u> | <u>1,476,748</u> |

### 7 Creditors

|                                                | Note     | 2021<br>£        | 2020<br>£        |
|------------------------------------------------|----------|------------------|------------------|
| <b>Due within one year</b>                     |          |                  |                  |
| Loans and borrowings                           | <u>8</u> | 19,948           | 78,527           |
| Trade creditors                                |          | 570,354          | 738,859          |
| Amounts due to related parties                 | <u>9</u> | 102,066          | 76,653           |
| Social security and other taxes                |          | 168,928          | 118,728          |
| Outstanding defined contribution pension costs |          | 3,129            | 3,162            |
| Other creditors                                |          | 14,005           | 18,959           |
| Accrued expenses                               |          | 51,752           | 40,887           |
| Corporation tax liability                      |          | <u>111,649</u>   | <u>63,244</u>    |
|                                                |          | <u>1,041,831</u> | <u>1,139,019</u> |

|                           | Note     | 2021<br>£ | 2020<br>£     |
|---------------------------|----------|-----------|---------------|
| <b>Due after one year</b> |          |           |               |
| Loans and borrowings      | <u>8</u> | <u>-</u>  | <u>19,947</u> |

## Stanway Screens Limited

### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 November 2021

#### 8 Loans and borrowings

|                                     | 2021<br>£ | 2020<br>£ |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Current loans and borrowings</b> |           |           |
| HP and finance lease liabilities    | 19,948    | 78,527    |

|                                         | 2021<br>£ | 2020<br>£ |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| <b>Non-current loans and borrowings</b> |           |           |
| HP and finance lease liabilities        | -         | 19,947    |

The finance lease liabilities are secured.

#### 9 Related party transactions

##### Summary of transactions with other related parties

At 30 November 2021, the company was owed £72,143 (2020: £15,563) by Stanway Real Estate Limited, a related company.

At 30 November 2021, the company owed £65,653 (2020: £59,291) to S S Holdings Limited, its parent company.

At 30 November 2021, the company owed £13,985 to (2020: was owed £2,319 by) T Priest, was owed £547 (2020: £719) by M Priest, was owed £8,518 by (2020: £1,004) by S Priest, owed £4,946 (2020: £5,188) to D Priest, and owed £17,482 (2020: £12,174) to V Priest, in the form of directors' loan accounts.

No interest was charged on the above balances, and there are no fixed repayment terms.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.